Financial Statements
With Supplementary Information

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023



Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

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Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information

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Independent Auditor's Report

District Board Chippewa Valley Technical College District Eau Claire, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Chippewa Valley Technical College District (the "District"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Chippewa Valley Technical College District as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Chippewa Valley Technical College District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Chippewa Valley Technical College Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Chippewa Valley Technical College District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Chippewa Valley Technical College District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Chippewa Valley Technical College District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System, the schedule of changes in the employer's total pension liability and related ratios – District pension plan, the schedules of the employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and employer contributions – Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF), and the schedule of changes in the employer's total OPEB liability and related ratios – District OPEB plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary financial information, as required by the Wisconsin Technical College Systems Board, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli LLP

December 19, 2024 Eau Claire, Wisconsin

Wippei LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Introduction

Chippewa Valley Technical College District (CVTC, the "College" or the "District") Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial condition provides an overview of financial activity, identifies changes in financial positions, and assists the reader of these basic financial statements to focus on noteworthy financial issues for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

CVTC is a public institution of higher education whose mission is to deliver innovative and applied education that supports the workforce needs of the region, improves the lives of students, and adds value to the communities it serves. In order to accomplish this mission, it is crucial for CVTC to maintain its financial health for the long term. It is necessary to accumulate sufficient net position to ensure reserves are available to implement new programs and to expand existing programs as the need arises.

Management's discussion and analysis provides summary financial information to assist readers in understanding and interpreting the financial statements.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets (items that the District owns and amounts owed to the District by others), liabilities (what the District owes to others and what has been collected from others before we have provided the services) and deferred inflows and outflows as applicable. This statement is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided, and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service to the District regardless of when cash is exchanged.

Total assets and deferred outflows decreased by \$10,229,960 in 2024, or 5.2%, compared to a decrease of \$22,551,506, or 10.3%, in 2023. Cash decreased by approximately \$4.4 million in 2024 and decreased by approximately \$10.7 million in 2023, attributable to the strategic spend down to align fund balance with Board policy.

The net decrease of \$10.2 million is driven by reduced cash by \$4.3 million and a decrease of \$13.6 million in other assets. Total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by \$8.5 million or 5.9% from 2023.

Net Position for 2024 decreased \$1,694,022 or 3.2% from 2023 to \$50,667,069.

Statement of Net Position

		2024		2022		2022		Increase (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease)	
		2024		2023		2022		2024-2023			2023-2022	
Assets and deferred outflows:												
Cash and restricted cash and												
equivalents	Ś	20,617,125	Ś	24,976,448	Ś	35,653,586	Ś	(4,359,323)	(17.5%)	Ś	(10,677,138)	(29.9%)
Net capital assets		120,526,530		112,245,352		115,504,413		8,281,178	7.4%		(3,259,061)	(2.8%)
Other assets		15,152,969		15,665,342		31,796,395		(512,373)	(3.3%)		(16,131,053)	(50.7%)
Deferred outflows of resources		29,692,154		43,331,596		35,815,850		(13,639,442)	(31.5%)		7,515,746	21.0%
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	185,988,778	\$	196,218,738	\$	218,770,244	\$	(10,229,960)	(5.2%)	\$	(22,551,506)	(10.3%)
Liabilities and deferred inflows:												
Current liabilities	\$	17,205,158	\$	18,716,476	\$	22,648,117	\$	(1,511,318)	(8.1%)	\$	(3,931,641)	(17.4%)
Noncurrent liabilities		96,986,740		96,651,068		92,052,117		335,672	0.3%		4,598,951	5.0%
Deferred inflows of resources		21,129,811		28,490,103		41,563,077		(7,360,292)	(25.8%)		(13,072,974)	(31.5%)
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	\$	135,321,709	Ś	143,857,647	\$	156,263,311	\$	(8,535,938)	(5.9%)	Ś	(12,405,664)	(7.9%)
								,			,	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	41,973,713	\$	41,398,569	\$	47,811,194	\$	575,144	1.4%	\$	(6,412,625)	(13.4%)
Restricted for debt service		1,517,178		1,741,455		3,047,506		(224,277)	(12.9%)		(1,306,051)	(42.9%)
Restricted for student organizations		172,193		157,010		154,176		15,183	9.7%		2,834	1.8%
Restricted for net pension asset		-		-		16,075,453		-	100.0%		(16,075,453)	0.0%
Unrestricted		7,003,985		9,064,057		(4,581,396)		(2,060,072)	(22.7%)		13,645,453	(297.8%)
Total net position	\$	50,667,069	\$	52,361,091	\$	62,506,933	\$	(1,694,022)	(3.2%)	\$	(10,145,842)	(16.2%)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the results of operating and non-operating activities for the fiscal year. The District receives the majority of its revenues from the taxpayers and other governmental entities. Thus, the District will always report an operating deficit or loss. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the basic financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

Total operating revenues are the charges for services offered by the college. During 2024, the District generated \$38.4 million of operating revenue, a 13.4% increase from 2023. This increase relates to a renewed focus on revenue generating activities to increase revenue from available sources.

Operating expenses are costs related to offering the programs of the District. During 2024, total operating expenses were \$96.8 million, a decrease of \$1 million or 1.0% from 2023. The decrease is because of continued efforts to actively manage cost. Expenses are categorized by functional groupings, with approximately 51% of the total related to direct instruction and instructional resources. Refer to Note 12 in the financial statements for a detailed breakdown of the operating expenses.

Non-operating revenue and expenses are items not related directly to providing instruction. Total non-operating revenues and expenses increased by \$2.9 million or 5.4% to \$56,715,195 for the year. The increase in investment income earned to \$1,490,309 in 2024 from \$1,137,315 in 2023. Additionally, there were increases in both property tax and state operating appropriations for 2024 and other nonoperating revenues continue to grow.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30

		2024		2023		2022		Net Position Increase (Decrease) 2024-2023			Net Position Increase (Decrease) 2023-2022	
Operating revenues:												
Tuition and fees	\$	14,066,112	\$	13,594,332	\$	12,779,170	\$	471,780	3.5%	\$	815,162	6.4%
State and federal grants		17,304,399		14,694,957		14,416,536		2,609,442	17.8%		278,421	1.9%
Contract revenue		2,104,989		1,536,383		1,286,002		568,606	37.0%		250,381	19.5%
Auxiliary revenue		3,653,539		3,371,188		2,786,471		282,351	8.4%		584,717	21.0%
Other operating revenues		1,267,463		663,047		918,788		604,416	91.2%		(255,741)	(27.8%)
Total operating revenues	\$	38,396,502	\$	33,859,907	\$	32,186,967	\$	4,536,595	13.4%	\$	1,672,940	5.2%
Operating expenses:												
Instruction	\$	48,549,372	\$	47,385,028	\$	40,162,072	Ś	1,164,344	2.5%	Ś	7,222,956	18.0%
Instructional resources		778,911		1,271,588		843,747		(492,677)	(38.7%)		427,841	50.7%
Student services		7,857,466		7,728,401		13,369,750		129,065	1.7%		(5,641,349)	(42.2%)
General institutional		15,323,652		15,196,363		12,534,222		127,289	0.8%		2,662,141	21.2%
Physical plant		6,187,895		8,836,720		5,180,504		(2,648,825)	(30.0%)		3,656,216	70.6%
Auxiliary services		3,529,039		3,626,133		3,436,810		(97,094)	(2.7%)		189,323	5.5%
Depreciation		11,059,442		10,349,261		8,363,524		710,181	6.9%		1,985,737	23.7%
Student aid		3,519,942		3,411,428		3,353,732		108,514	3.2%		57,696	1.7%
Student did		3,313,342		3,411,420		3,333,732		100,514	3.270		37,030	1.770
Total operating expenses	\$	96,805,719	\$	97,804,922	\$	87,244,361	\$	(999,203)	(1.0%)	\$	10,560,561	12.1%
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):												
Property taxes	\$	25,860,003	Ś	24,171,249	\$	24,262,951	ς	1,688,754	7.0%	Ś	(91,702)	(0.4%)
State operating appropriations	7	29,577,362	7	27,196,328	7	27,792,487	7	2,381,034	8.8%	7	(596,159)	(2.1%)
COVID-19 federal funding		243,839		2,796,349		14,489,474		(2,552,510)	(91.3%)		(11,693,125)	(80.7%)
Other nonoperating revenues		2,023,633		404,491		378,385		1,619,142	400.3%		26,106	6.9%
Investment income earned		1,490,309		1,137,315		278,785		352,994	31.0%		858,530	308.0%
Interest expense		(2,479,951)		(1,906,559)		(1,873,978)		(573,392)	30.1%		(32,581)	1.7%
interest expense		(2,473,331)		(1,900,339)		(1,873,378)		(373,332)	30.170		(32,361)	1.770
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$	56,715,195	\$	53,799,173	\$	65,328,104	\$	2,916,022	5.4%	\$	(11,528,931)	(17.6%)
Net increase (decrease) in position	\$	(1,694,022)	\$	(10,145,842)	\$	10,270,710	\$	8,451,820	(83.3%)	\$	(20,416,552)	(198.8%)
Net position:												
Beginning of year		52,361,091		62,506,933		52,236,223		(10,145,842)				
Change in accounting principle		-		-		-						
End of year	\$	50,667,069	\$	52,361,091	\$	62,506,933	\$	(1,694,022)				
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Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital, financing, and investing activities. This statement is important in evaluating the District's ability to meet financial obligations as they mature.

The following schedule shows the major components of the Statement of Cash Flows:

Statement of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30

				Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)	
	2024	2023	2022	2024-2023	2023-2022	
Cash provided by (used in):						
Operating activities	\$ (49,233,987)	\$ (56,678,156)	\$ (50,614,988)	\$ 7,444,169	(13.1%) \$ (6,063,168)	12.0%
Noncapital financing activities	55,751,973	53,971,436	68,724,346	1,780,537	3.3% (14,752,910)	(21.5%)
Capital and related financing activities	(12,040,056)	(8,881,033)	(40,321,091)	(3,159,023)	35.6% 31,440,058	(78.0%)
Investing activities	1,162,748	910,615	92,331	252,133	27.7%818,284	886.3%
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ (4,359,322)	\$ (10,677,138)	\$ (22,119,402)	\$ 6,317,816	\$ 11,442,264	

Cash used in operating activities decreased by \$7.4 million or 13.1% compared to 2023. The largest component is payments to employees for salaries, \$62,760,106 was paid in 2024 compared with \$59,391,223 in 2023, an increase \$3,368,883 or 5.7%. Cash from federal and state grants increased \$3,061,368 or 20.4% from 2023 to 2024 and payments to suppliers decreased \$5.9 million or 19% compared to 2023 as cost control continues to be a focus.

Noncapital financing sources increased by \$1.7 million, or 3.3%, in 2024 compared to 2023. All property taxes and state aid received \$55,437,365, are categorized as cash flows from noncapital financing activities.

The cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities is primarily for purchases of capital assets and capital-related debt activity (debt proceeds and principal and interest payments). Net cash received decreased by \$3,159,023 due to expenses incurred related to capital projects being completed in space vacated because of the referendum projects completed in 2023.

Capital Asset and Debt Activities

The District's net capital assets increased by \$8,281,178 million to \$120,526,530 as of June 30, 2024, with the current year amount spent on capital improvements exceeding depreciation expense. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3.

Capital Asset and Debt Activities (Continued)

For 2024, the District had total general obligation promissory notes outstanding of \$84,630,000 compared to \$77,545,000 as of June 30, 2022. Outstanding general obligation note issues maintain a Moody's Investors Service Aa1 rating, and the District has continued to meet all of its debt service requirements. General obligation promissory notes are repaid in as few as one year and as long as ten years, depending upon the underlying assets and other debt management criteria. The current debt adequately replaces and expands the equipment and facility needs of the District. Additional information on the District's noncurrent liabilities can be found in Note 5.

In April 2020, the District voters approved a \$48.8 million capital referendum to upgrade the College's programs and facilities. It funded the construction of a new Transportation Education Center, expansion and remodeling of the Emergency Services Center, addition to the Manufacturing Education Center, and further enhancements to current facilities to serve the District's growing student enrollment. The debt to fund the campus improvement projects is proposed for a twenty-year amortization from the date of issuance.

Financial Position

CVTC's net position decreased during the year ended June 30, 2024, by \$1,694,022 as compared to a decrease of \$10,145,842 for the year ending June 30, 2023. CVTC continues to maintain a strong financial position with adequate operating reserves within board policy guidelines.

The fund balance in the General Fund as of June 30, 2024, represented 20.74 percent of General Fund expenditures. CVTC's fund balance policy directs the District to maintain a reserve for operations in the General Fund equal to 16.6 - 25 percent of the adopted General Fund expenditure budget for the next year.

The District has diversified sources of revenues consisting of property taxes, state aid, student fees, federal and state grants, and other sources to meet the expenses of the District. The District uses property tax levy to repay its debt and manages capital assets on replacement or refresh cycle when the assets' useful lives have expired allowing the District the use of current technology and well-maintained facilities.

The District maintains an Aa1 rating from Moody's Investors Service for its general obligation debt. This rating confirms the healthy financial condition of the District. As quoted from Moody's Investors Service last report:

"The Aa1 rating reflects the district's large tax base, modest debt and pension liabilities, recent growth in enrollment, and healthy financial position despite projected draws."

Economic Factors

The slowdown of the US economy had a major impact on businesses and industries in the District's eleven counties. Eau Claire County, the largest county in the District, has healthcare, manufacturing and retail industries but also have less hard hit industries such as education and technology. Unemployment in the District's largest county, has returned back down from a pandemic high rate from 12.7% in April 2020 to 3% as of June 2024. (Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis).

For the 2024 tax levy year, the College's Board of Trustees certified a property tax levy that will hold property taxes on \$100,000 of equalized property value flat at \$66.28. The District experienced an increase in equalized values of 8.12% for a total of \$42.1 billion amongst the eleven counties. This is the tenth year of equalized value increases as a result of the economic resiliency in the District's size and diverse tax base.

The District's overall financial position is strong, and the District is committed to remaining financially stable in the future. The District is confident about its future for the following reasons:

- For 2024 tax levy year, property valuations affect the District's primary source of revenues and continue to remain strong.
- Consistently low mill rates allowing the District to address educational needs of the District residents.
- Operating revenue continues to grow year over year because of strategic investments in capital.
- Strength in college technology, student engagement and facility improvements from the federal higher education emergency relief funds. It allowed the District to invest in learning technology, engagement initiatives, and student success support the District could not otherwise financially provide.

The District is confident that its long-term financial planning will allow it to effectively meet the financial needs of its future operations. The current financial position is positive and positioned to maintain this positive status into the future.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Chippewa Valley Technical College's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Caleb Cornelius, Vice President of Administration and Chief Strategy Officer, Chippewa Valley Technical College, 620 W. Clairemont Avenue, Eau Claire, WI 54701.

Basic Financial Statements

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Primary Gov	ernment	Component Unit			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Accete						
Assets:						
Current assets:	ć 0.007.400. ć	12.051.000 6	407.7F7 ¢	441 112		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,907,402 \$ 1,615,886		407,757 \$	441,112		
Accounts receivable, net		1,453,354	-	-		
Property taxes receivable	7,948,738	7,109,896	-	-		
Federal and state aid receivable	2,789,380	4,471,958	-	-		
Program and material fees receivable, net	1,262,137	1,014,332	-	-		
Fee arrangements receivable	227,580	191,062	-	465.443		
Unconditional promises to give, net	-	-	114,309	165,113		
Lease Receivable	-	65,672	-	-		
Inventories	22,085	47,476	-	-		
Prepaid items	851,337	783,048	-	-		
Total current assets	24,624,545	28,087,896	522,066	606,225		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	10,709,724	12,025,350	-	-		
Investments	-	-	6,092,893	5,435,752		
Unconditional promises to give, net	-	_	168,094	220,601		
Lease receivable	_	34,797	-			
Right of use asset, net of amortization	24,788	40,803	-	-		
Subscription asset, net of amortization	411,037	452,943	_	-		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	14,960,457	13,738,843	_	-		
Capital assets, being depreciated	206,147,493	204,955,715	_	_		
Less Accumulated depreciation	(100,581,420)	(106,449,205)	-	-		
Total noncurrent assets	131,672,079	124,799,246	6,260,987	5,656,353		
Total Hollcullent assets	131,072,073	124,733,240	0,200,987	3,030,333		
Total assets	156,296,624	152,887,142	6,783,053	6,262,578		
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Related to pensions - WRS	25,399,683	38,185,549	-	-		
Deferred Outflows - District Pension Plan	581,368	596,433	-	-		
Deferred Outflows - District OPEB Plan	1,342,278	2,497,335	-	-		
Related to OPEB - LRLIF	2,368,825	2,052,279	-	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	29,692,154	43,331,596	-	-		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 185,988,778 \$	\$ 196,218,738 \$	6,783,053 \$	6,262,578		

Statements of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2024 and 2023

	 Primary Go	ove	rnment	Compo	nent	Unit
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	2024		2023	2024		2023
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,649,133	\$	4,235,211 \$	29,87	1 \$	
Accrued payroll	2,956,475		3,157,961		-	
Accrued compensated absences	254,579		603,686		-	
Accrued interest	574,306		433,892		-	
Unearned program and material fees	1,319,114		1,165,295		-	
Current portion of long-term obligations	9,451,551		9,120,431		-	
Total current liabilities	17,205,158		18,716,476	29,87	1	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
General obligation promissory notes	78,460,070		71,210,478		-	
Lease liability	18,589		25,520		-	
Subscription liability	140,004		274,624		_	
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF	6,618,386		5,318,522		_	
Net pension liability - WRS	3,002,686		10,541,048		_	
Total OPEB liability - District OPEB plan	6,810,789		7,234,283		_	
Total pension liability - District pension plan	1,936,216		2,046,593		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	96,986,740		96,651,068		-	
Total liabilities	114,191,898		115,367,544	29,87	1	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Related to leases	_		91,623		_	
Related to pension - WRS	16,067,567		22,106,953		_	
Related to pensions - District Pension Plan	609,386		701,856		_	
Related to OPEB - District OPEB plan	1,004,660		1,595,937		_	
Related to OPEB - LRLIF	3,448,198		3,993,734		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,129,811		28,490,103		-	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	41,973,713		41,398,569		_	
Restricted - Nonexpendable	+1,3/3,/13		-1,390,303	2,307,51	<u>α</u>	2,307,51
Restricted - Nonexperidable	-		-	2,307,31	,	2,307,31
Debt service	1,517,178		1,741,455		_	
Student organizations	172,193		1,741,433		_	
Scholarships and other activities	1/2,133		137,010	2,766,06	7	2,503,19
Unrestricted	7,003,985		9,064,057	1,679,59		1,451,86
Total net position	50,667,069		52,361,091	6,753,18		6,262,57
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	·					
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 185,988,778	\$	196,218,738 \$	6,783,05	3 \$	6,262,578

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Primary Gove	rnment	Componen	t Unit
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Operating Revenues:				
Tuition and fees:				
Program fees, net of scholarship allowances of				
\$3,345,133 and \$3,218,910	\$ 11,597,012 \$	11,324,324 \$	- \$	-
Material fees, net of scholarship allowances of	622.652	E0C 42C		
\$182,586 and \$166,608 Other student fees, net of scholarship allowances	633,652	586,436	-	-
of \$276,163 and \$244,286	1,835,448	1,683,572	_	-
Federal grants	14,093,629	12,264,308	_	_
State grants	3,210,770	2,430,649	-	-
Business and industry contract revenue	2,104,989	1,536,383	-	-
Auxiliary	3,653,539	3,371,188	-	-
Other operating revenues	1,267,463	663,047	1,534,644	1,263,092
Total operating revenues	38,396,502	33,859,907	1,534,644	1,263,092
Operating Expenses:				
Instruction	48,549,372	47,385,028	-	-
Instructional resources	778,911	1,271,588	-	-
Student services	7,857,466	7,728,401	-	-
General institutional	15,323,652	15,196,363	1,731,717	991,770
Physical plant	6,187,895	8,836,720	-	-
Auxiliary services	3,529,039	3,626,133	-	-
Depreciation and amortization	11,059,442	10,349,261	-	-
Student aid	3,519,942	3,411,428	-	-
Total operating expenses	96,805,719	97,804,922	1,731,717	991,770
Operating income (loss)	(58,409,217)	(63,945,015)	(197,073)	271,322
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Property taxes	25,860,003	24,171,249	-	-
State nonoperating appropriations	29,577,362	27,196,328	-	-
COVID-19 federal funding	243,839	2,796,349	-	-
Other non-operating revenues	2,023,633	404,491	<u>-</u>	-
Investment income earned	1,490,309	1,137,315	687,677	450,563
Interest expense	(2,479,951)	(1,906,559)	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	56,715,195	53,799,173	687,677	450,563
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,694,022)	(10,145,842)	490,604	721,885
Net position- Beginning of year	52,361,091	62,506,933	6,262,578	5,540,693
Net position - End of year	\$ 50,667,069 \$	52,361,091 \$	6,753,182 \$	6,262,578

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024	2023
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Tuition and fees received	\$	13,935,608 \$	13,442,533
Federal and state grants received	Y	18,077,366	15,015,998
Business, industry, and school district contract revenues		1,942,457	1,544,826
Payments to employees		(62,760,106)	(59,391,223)
Payments to suppliers		(25,359,160)	(31,325,229)
Auxiliary enterprise revenues received		3,653,539	3,371,187
Other receipts		1,276,309	663,752
Net cash used in operating activities		(49,233,987)	(56,678,156)
Net cash asea in operating activities		(43,233,307)	(30,070,130)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Local property taxes		25,021,162	24,258,959
COVID-19 federal funding		1,153,449	2,516,149
State appropriations received		29,577,362	27,196,328
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		55,751,973	53,971,436
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchases of capital assets		(19,490,873)	(8,441,334)
Other non-operating revenues		2,023,634	404,491
Principal paid on leases and subscription		(145,431)	(179,411)
Interest paid on leases and subscription		(17,586)	(22,118)
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt		17,027,152	10,666,623
Principal paid on capital debt		(9,115,000)	(9,465,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(2,181,538)	(1,804,127)
Debt issuance costs		(140,414)	(40,157)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(12,040,056)	(8,881,033)
		•	<u>, </u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment income received		1,162,748	910,615
Net (decrease) in cash and investments		(4,359,322)	(10,677,138)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		24,976,448	35,653,586
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	20,617,126 \$	24,976,448

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024	2023
Deconciliation of each and each equivalents to statements of not notition.			
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to statements of net position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,907,402 \$	12,951,098
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	۶	10,709,724	12,931,098
Nestricted cash and cash equivalents		10,703,724	12,023,330
Total	\$	20,617,126 \$	24,976,448
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash from operating activities:			
Operating loss Operating loss	\$	(58,409,217) \$	(63,945,015)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	ب	(38,409,217) \$	(03,943,013)
Depreciation and amortization		11,059,442	10,349,261
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows:		11,033,442	10,545,201
Accounts receivable		(162,532)	8,443
Lease receivable		100,469	61,786
Federal and state grant receivable		772,968	321,041
Program and material fees receivable		(247,805)	(159,681)
Fee arrangements receivable		(36,518)	(60,633)
Inventories		25,391	(23,353)
Prepaid items		(68,289)	12,243
Accounts payable		(1,377,903)	(1,167,633)
Accrued payroll		(201,486)	(1,108,966)
Unearned program and material fees		153,819	68,515
Accrued compensated absences		(349,107)	231,825
Net OPEB liability - LRLIF		1,299,864	(3,126,190)
Total OPEB liability - District OPEB plan		(423,494)	(3,938,709)
Total pension liability - District pension plan		(110,377)	(228,871)
Net pension asset - WRS		-	16,075,453
Net pension liability - WRS		(7,538,362)	10,541,048
Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB benefits		13,639,442	(7,515,746)
Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB benefits		(7,268,669)	(13,011,892)
Deferred inflows related to leases		(91,623)	(61,082)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(49,233,987) \$	(56,678,156)
Noncash capital and related financing activities:	_	1 407 000 6	1 700 110
Capital assets in accounts payable	\$	1,497,969 \$	1,706,142

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Chippewa Valley Technical College District (the "District") organized under state legislation enacted in 1911 establishing vocational, technical, and adult education. The goals of the District are to train people for employment in a system flexible enough to permit adjustment to meet the needs of the community, with programs offered on a part time, full-time, day, and evening basis.

The geographic area of the District is comprised of all or part of 11 counties in west central Wisconsin. There are 205 municipalities with an estimated population of over 305,000 and 34 public school districts within the District's boundaries. The District contains 5,500 square miles and operates campuses in five cities: Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Menomonie, Neillsville, and River Falls. The Eau Claire educational complex includes the Clairemont Campus Business Education Center and Health Education Center; the West Campus Emergency Service Education Center, Energy Education Center, Fire Safety Center, and Transportation Education Center; and the Gateway Campus, Applied Technology Center, and Manufacturing Education Center. In addition, educational offerings are also provided at approximately 33 locations throughout the District.

The governing body of the District is the District Board, which consists of nine members. The members are appointed to staggered three-year terms by 11 county board chairpersons (one from each county served by the District), who meet once a year to appoint members to the three open seats. The District Board membership includes two employers, two employees, three additional members, one school district administrator, and one elected official who hold a state or local office. The District Board powers are established under the provisions of Chapter 38 of the Wisconsin Statutes and include:

- Authority to borrow money and levy taxes.
- Budgeting authority.
- Authority over other fiscal and general management of the District, which includes, but is not limited to, the
 authority to execute contracts, to exercise control over facilities and properties, to determine the outcome or
 disposition of matters affecting the recipients of the services provided, and to approve the hiring or retention
 of key management personnel who implements Board policy and directives.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The District offers 115 one- or two-year degree programs, 38 technical training certificates, and 17 apprenticeships. In addition, various program courses are offered online and at different locations throughout the District. Professional customized training and technical assistance is provided to the District's businesses.

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applicable to public colleges and universities, as well as those prescribed by the Wisconsin Technical College System (WTCS). The District reports are based on all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Chippewa Valley Technical College District. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the financial statements.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is a not-for-profit corporation whose purpose is to solicit, hold, manage, invest, and expend endowment funds and other gifts, grants, and bequests exclusively for the maintenance and benefit of the District and its students. Since the Foundation's resources are almost entirely for the benefit of the District and its students, the Foundation has a history of supporting the District with its economic resources, and the financial resources of the Foundation are significant to the District as a whole, the Foundation is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the District.

Separately issued financial statements of the Foundation may be obtained from the Foundation administration office.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-type transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instructional and auxiliary activities plus administration, operations, and maintenance of capital assets and depreciation of capital assets. Included in non-operating revenues are property taxes, state appropriations, investment income, and revenues for capital construction projects. Interest on debt is a non-operating expense.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows the procedures listed below in adopting the annual budgets for all governmental fund types that are legally required and are reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget prior to District Board approval.
- b. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through approval by the District Board.
- c. The District Board establishes the District's tax levy based on the adopted budget. Property taxes are then levied on the various taxing municipalities. The District records as revenue its share of the local tax in the year levied that is considered available during its fiscal year to finance its operations.
- d. Budget amendments during the year are legally authorized. According to Wisconsin Statutes, budget transfers (between funds and functional areas within funds) and changes in budgeted expenditures (appropriations) require approval by a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the District's Board and require publishing a Class 1 public notice in the District's official newspaper within 10 days. Management exercises control over budgeted expenditures by fund and function. Expenditures may not legally exceed funds available or appropriated unless authorized by a resolution adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the District Board. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a planning device for all funds. The District adopts an annual operating budget that is prepared on a different basis from the basic financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The budget differs from GAAP by recognizing encumbrances as expenditures. Also, the budget does not incorporate changes related to other GASB statements.

Use of Estimates

In preparing basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP, the District is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

State Statutes permit the District to invest available cash balances in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government agency issues, municipal obligations of Wisconsin municipal entities, high-grade commercial paper that matures in less than seven years, and the local government pooled investment fund administered by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value, except for the investment in the Local Government Investment Pool and the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative, which are reported on the amortized cost basis. Investment income includes changes in fair value of investments, interest, and realized gains and losses.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A three tier hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include Level 1, defined as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The asset's or liability's fair value measurement within the hierarchy is based on techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Receivables and Credit Policies

Accounts receivable and program and material fees receivable are stated at amounts due from students net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Amounts outstanding longer than the agreed-upon payment terms are considered past due. The District determines its allowance for doubtful accounts by considering a number of factors, including length of time amounts are past due, the District's previous loss history, and the student's ability to pay his or her obligation. Accounts receivable and program and material fees receivable are stated at amounts due from students net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$635,000 at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023. The District writes off receivables when they become uncollectible. Payments of accounts receivable are applied to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, to the earliest unpaid invoices.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Prepaids

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market; cost is determined primarily by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Instructional and administrative inventories are accounted for as expenses when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition cost at the time of receipt. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets useful life are not capitalized. Equipment assets having a cost of \$5,000 or more per unit and building or remodeling projects of \$15,000 or more are capitalized. Depreciation on buildings and equipment is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations on the straight-line basis over the estimated service lives, which range from 3 to 7 years for equipment, 15 years for site improvements, 20 years for remodeling, and 40 years for buildings.

Lease Accounting

The District is a lessor in a noncancelable lease agreement. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow is recorded at the initiation of the lease at the same value as the lease receivable and is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The District is a lessee in two noncancelable lease agreements. If the contract provides the District the right to substantially all of the economic benefits and the right to direct use of the identified asset, it is considered to be a lease. Right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments over the expected lease term. The ROU asset is also adjusted for any lease prepayments made, lease incentives received, and initial direct costs incurred. The ROU assets for the leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

The discount rate used is the implicit rate in the lease contract, if it is readily determinable, or the District's incremental borrowing rate for a lease is the rate of interest it would have to pay on a collateralized basis to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments under similar terms and in a similar economic environment.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District is a party to multiple noncancelable subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). If the contract provides the District the right to use the present service capacity and the right to direct the use of the identified asset, it is considered to be or contain a SBITA. Subscription-based assets and liabilities are recognized at the agreement commencement date based on the present value of the future payments over the expected contract term. The SBITA asset is also adjusted for any prepayments made and capitalizable initial implementation costs as incurred.

The SBITA liability is initially and subsequently recognized based on the present value of its future payments. Variable payments are included in the present value when the underlying rate or index is fixed and predictable for the life of the lease. Variable costs that depend on an unpredictable index are accounted for as expenses as they are incurred. Increases (decreases) to variable payments due to subsequent changes in an index or rate are recorded as an adjustment to expense in the period in which they are incurred.

The discount rate used is the implicit rate in the SBITA contract, if it is readily determinable, or the District's incremental borrowing rate.

For all underlying classes of assets, the District does not recognize SBITA assets and liabilities for short-term agreements that have a contract term of 12 months or less at contract commencement. Contracts containing termination clauses in which either party may terminate without cause and the notice period is less than 12 months are deemed short-term agreements with costs included in expense.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. At this time, the District reports deferred outflows of resources related to the District's OPEB and pension plans, the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF), and the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). The deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB and pension plans represent District contributions to the plans subsequent to the measurement date of the total pension and OPEB liabilities. The deferred outflows of resources related to the LRLIF and WRS represent its proportionate shares of collective deferred outflows of resources of the plans and District contributions to the plans subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets).

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports deferred inflows of resources related to lease, the District pension and OPEB plans, the LRLIF, and the WRS. The deferred inflows related to leases are related to the lease receivable and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The deferred inflows related to the District pension and OPEB plans represent changes in assumptions used in the calculation of the total pension and OPEB liabilities. The deferred inflows of resources related to the LRLIF and WRS represent its proportionate shares of the collective deferred inflows of resources of the plans.

Property Taxes

The District Board's allowable tax levy increase, under Section 38.16 of the Wisconsin Statutes, is based on the total revenue. It is defined in statute as the total tax levy (net of debt service) from the previous year plus the property tax relief aid received in the previous year. The amount is multiplied by the District's tax valuation factor to calculate the amount of additional levy allowable from the previous year.

The mill rate limitation is not applicable to taxes levied for the purposes of paying principal and interest on general obligation promissory notes issued by the District that are used for capital improvements and equipment acquisitions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes (Continued)

The District communicates its property tax levy to city, village, and town treasurers or clerks in October of the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The following dates are pertinent to the District's tax calendar:

Levy date October 31, or within 10 days of receipt of

equalized valuation, whichever is later

Tax bills are mailed Month of December
Lien date Month of December

Payments:

Taxes paid in one installment January 31

Taxes paid in two installments:

First installment date January 31
Second installment date July 31

The District recognizes its total levy as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. The 2023 tax levy used to finance the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and the 2022 tax levy used to finance the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$25,822,828 and \$24,136,245, respectively. Mill rates for the 2023 and 2022 levies were 0.39721 and 0.43177, respectively, for operations and 0.26570 and 0.28025, respectively, for debt service.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based on length of service. Vacation earned is forfeited if not taken within the allowable time period. The expense for vacation pay is recorded on the accrual basis. The value of vested vacation pay was \$254,579 and \$603,686 based on current wage rates in effect at June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

<u>Sick Leave</u> – The District's policy allows employees to earn up to 15 sick days for each year employed that can accumulate to a maximum of 135 days. The accumulated sick leave does not vest; therefore, no liability has been accrued.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u> – The District provides postemployment healthcare benefits to teachers, support staff, and administrators. Expenditures are recognized as they are incurred for eligible retirees. For eligible employees who have not yet elected to retire, potential health insurance has been accrued based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts (Continued)

The District participates in a life insurance OPEB plan that covers WRS-eligible employees. The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net OPEB liability (asset)
- Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs
- OPEB expense (revenue)

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pensions – The District offers a retirement incentive to eligible teachers and administrators who elect to retire on or after the age of 55. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total pension liability, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and pension expense for the plan have been accounted for based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73.

The District has a pension plan covering substantially all of its employees, which is funded through contributions to the Wisconsin Retirement System. The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net pension liability (asset)
- Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions
- ° Pension expense (revenue)

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Self-Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to dental insurance. Under the program, the self-insurance fund provides dental coverage up to a maximum reimbursement per claimant of \$1,500 per year. The District makes payments for actual claims and administrative fees needed to pay prior and current year's claims. Changes in the claims liability amount for the years ended June 30 are below.

	2024	2023	2022
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the beginning of the			
year	\$ 30,156 \$	23,214 \$	16,633
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:			
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	651,627	548,467	558,899
Total incurred claims	681,783	571,681	575,532
Payments:			
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to: Insured			
events of the current fiscal year	622,315	518,311	535,685
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to: Insured			
events of prior fiscal years	30,156	23,214	16,633
Total payments	652,471	541,525	552,318
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the end of the			
fiscal year	\$ 29,312 \$	30,156 \$	23,214

The claims liabilities of \$29,312 and \$30,156 reported above at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, are based upon the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the basic financial statements indicated that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the basic financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fees and Tuition

Fees and tuition are recorded as revenue in the period in which the related activity or instruction takes place.

State and Federal Revenues

The District receives funding from various federal and state grants. Some of these revenues are earned over fiscal periods different from that of the District and are subject to Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines.

State operating appropriations are recognized as revenue in the entitlement year. Federal and state grants for reimbursable programs are recognized as revenue in the year that related program expenditures are incurred or eligibility requirements are met. Grants received prior to meeting revenue recognition criteria are recorded as unearned revenues.

Scholarship Allowances and Student Aid

Financial aid to students is reported in the basic financial statements under the alternative method, as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). Certain aid (loans, funds provided to students as awarded by third parties, and Federal Direct Lending) is accounted for as third-party payments (credited to the student's account as if the student made the payment). All other aid is reflected in the basic financial statements as operating expenses or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expenses represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to the student in the form of reduced tuition. Under the alternative method, these amounts are computed on a total District basis by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of all aid to the aid not considered to be third-party aid.

Net Position

Net position is classified according to restrictions or availability of assets for District obligations. Net investment in capital assets represents the net value of capital assets (property, plant, equipment, lease assets, and subscription assets) less the debt incurred to acquire or construct the assets and the borrowed resources not yet expended but restricted for capital purchases. Restricted net position for debt service can only be used to repay debt service costs (principal and interest) as they are levied for that specific purpose.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts recorded as tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Tuition and fees attributable to the upcoming fall school term are recorded as unearned revenue for students who have paid before June 30.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

Management has adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, which enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections, including changes to or within the financial reporting entity. The District implemented this guidance as of July 1, 2023. The implementation of this guidance did not affect beginning net position for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, none of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash and Cash equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash on hand, demand deposits with financial institutions, investments in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative, and investments in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool are considered cash and cash equivalents.

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of the following amounts at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Cash:		
Petty Cash funds	\$ 4,466 \$	5,896
Operating funds in U.S. Bank	1,122,540	1,972,282
Operating funds in BMO Harris Bank	750	1,500
Operating funds in First National Bank	750	1,500
Investments:		
WISC Investment series	-	1,961,945
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool	19,488,620	21,033,325
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,617,126 \$	24,976,448

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The District's cash and cash equivalents are classified as follows at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	20	24	2023
Restricted for:			
	ć a	C4 404 ć	005.070
Debt Service	·	61,484 \$	•
Capital projects	10,4	48,240	11,120,272
Total Restricted	10,7	09,724	12,025,350
Unrestricted	9,9	07,402	12,951,098
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,6	17,126 \$	24,976,448

The portion of cash and cash equivalents restricted is for compliance with legal requirements and cannot be used for general purposes of the District.

Investments

The District is authorized by Wisconsin Statute 66.0603(1m) to invest in the following instruments:

- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies
- Obligations of any Wisconsin county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district
- Time deposits in any bank, trust company, or savings and loan association that is authorized to transact business in Wisconsin, if the time deposits mature in not more than three years
- The state's local government pooled investment fund
- Any security maturing in seven years or less with either the highest or second rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, if the agreement is secured by federal bonds or securities
- Securities of open-end management investment companies or investment trusts, if the portfolio is limited to obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, local cultural arts district, the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority, or the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The District is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is authorized in Wisconsin Statutes 25.14 and 25.17 under the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The LGIP operates and reports to participants on the amortized cost basis. LGIP pool shares are bought and redeemed at \$1 based on the amortized cost of the investments in the LGIP. The investment in LGIP is not subject to the fair value hierarchy disclosures.

The District is a participant in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative (WISC) fund, which is authorized under Wisconsin Statute 66.0301 and is governed by a commission in accordance with the terms of an intergovernmental cooperation agreement. The WISC is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The WISC reports to participants on the amortized cost basis. WISC shares are bought and redeemed at \$1 based on the amortized cost of the investments in the pool. Participants in WISC have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. The investments in WISC are not subject to the fair value hierarchy disclosures.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	investment
	Maturities Less
Investment Type	Than 1 Year
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool:	
June 30, 2024	\$19,488,620
June 30, 2023	21,033,325
WISC - Investment Series	
June 30, 2024	-
June 30, 2023	1,961,945

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy states that funds shall be invested only in investments permitted by Wisconsin Statutes and in such a manner as to maximize the investment income within these options.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The District's investment policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities. The investment in the LGIP is unrated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	2024					
	Begi	nning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	5,761,928 \$	- \$	-	\$ 5,761,928	
Construction in progress	<u>'</u>	7,976,915	5,792,632	4,571,018	9,198,529	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		13,738,843	5,792,632	4,571,018	14,960,457	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements		9,505,756	-	-	9,505,756	
Buildings and improvements		125,955,883	11,078,204	-	137,034,087	
Equipment		69,494,076	6,819,005	16,705,431	59,607,650	
Total capital assets being depreciated		204,955,715	17,897,209	16,705,431	206,147,493	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements		4,050,120	57,741	-	4,107,861	
Buildings and improvements		48,850,094	4,918,584	-	53,768,678	
Equipment		53,548,991	5,861,321	16,705,431	42,704,881	
Total accumulated depreciation		106,449,205	10,837,646	16,705,431	100,581,420	
Net capital assets being depreciated		98,506,510	7,059,563		105,566,073	
Right-to-use assets:						
Lease assets- Buildings and improvements		71,138	-	35,726	35,412	
Subscription-based IT arrangements		718,827	163,875	-	882,702	
Total right-to-use assets		789,965	163,875	35,726	918,114	
Accumulated amortization:						
Lease assets - Buildings and improvements		30,335	16,015	35,726	10,624	
Subscription-based IT arrangements		265,884	205,781	-	471,665	
Total accumulated amortization		296,219	221,796	35,726	482,289	
Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net		493,746	(57,921)	-	435,825	
Net capital assets		112,739,099 \$	12,794,274 \$	4,571,018	120,962,355	
Less outstanding debt related to capital assets		(77,545,000)			(84,630,000)	
Less lease liabilities		(41,509)			(25,520)	
Less subscription liabilities		(404,066)			(274,624)	
Less unamortized premium Plus unexpended debt proceeds		(2,640,478) 9,290,523			(3,140,070) 9,081,572	
ananpanada adat producedo		3,230,323		-		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	41,398,569		_	\$ 41,973,713	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3: Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity was as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

Construction in progress 39,926,142 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 7,976,915 Total capital assets not being depreciated 45,688,070 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 13,738,843 Capital assets being depreciated:	<u>-</u>	2023							
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 5,761,928 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,761,928 Construction in progress 39,906,142 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 7,976,915 Total capital assets not being depreciated 45,688,070 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 13,738,843 Capital assets being depreciated: Land Improvements 9,505,756 9,505,756 Buildings and improvements 98,317,117 27,655,700 16,934 125,955,883 Equipment 61,872,145 11,171,602 3,549,671 - 69,494,076 Total capital assets being depreciated 169,695,018 38,827,302 3,566,605 - 204,955,715 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 94,005,122 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 630,360 88,467 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 781,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 789,965 Total right-to-use assets being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ 112,739,009 Less less eliabilities (80,79,366) (40,40,606) Less less eliabilities (80,79,366) (40,40,606) Less less eliabilities (50,79,366) (40,40,606) Less less subscription labilities (50,79,366) (40,40,606) Less less subscription labilities (50,79,366) (40,40,606) Less less subscription labilities (50,79,366) (40,40,606)						5 l' 5 l			
Land Construction in progress \$ 5,761,928 \$ - \$ 3,761,928 \$ - \$ 3,761,928 \$ - \$ 7,376,915 Total capital assets not being depreciated 45,688,070 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 31,3738,843 Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 9,505,756 9,505,756 9,505,756,833 Equipment - 125,955,883 Equipment 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 70,575,152 20,505,125 20,505,125 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,4715 20,495,4715		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustment	Ending Balance			
Land Construction in progress \$ 5,761,928 \$ - \$ 3,761,928 \$ - \$ 3,761,928 \$ - \$ 7,376,915 Total capital assets not being depreciated 45,688,070 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 31,3738,843 Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 9,505,756 9,505,756 9,505,756,833 Equipment - 125,955,883 Equipment 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 - 69,494,076 70,575,152 20,505,125 20,505,125 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,5715 20,495,4715 20,495,4715	Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress 39,926,142 4,571,019 36,520,246 - 7,976,915		\$ 5,761,928 \$	- 5	-	\$ -	\$ 5,761,928			
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements 9,505,756 - 9 9,505,756 Buildings and improvements 98,317,117 27,655,700 16,934 125,955,883 Equipment 61,872,145 11,171,602 3,549,671 - 69,494,076 Total capital assets being depreciated 169,695,018 38,827,302 3,566,605 - 204,955,715 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 9 4,050,120 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 - 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 630,360 88,467 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 630,360 88,467 - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 126,072 139,812 - 265,884 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) Less lease liabilities (80,638) (41,509 Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Lonamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918	Construction in progress	39,926,142	4,571,019	36,520,246	-	7,976,915			
Land Improvements 9,505,756 9,505,756 Buildings and improvements 98,317,117 27,655,700 16,934 - 125,955,838 Equipment 61,872,145 11,171,602 3,549,671 - 69,494,076 Total capital assets being depreciated 169,695,018 38,827,302 3,566,605 - 204,955,715 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 4,050,120 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 - 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 126,072 139,812 - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets (76,810,000) - 88,467 493,746 Net capi	Total capital assets not being depreciated	45,688,070	4,571,019	36,520,246	-	13,738,843			
Buildings and improvements	Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment 61,872,145 11,171,602 3,549,671 - 69,494,076 Total capital assets being depreciated 169,695,018 38,827,302 3,566,605 - 204,955,715 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 4,050,120 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 - 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - 7 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 789,965 Less assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements <td>Land Improvements</td> <td>9,505,756</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,505,756</td>	Land Improvements	9,505,756	-	-	-	9,505,756			
Total capital assets being depreciated 169,695,018 38,827,302 3,566,605 - 204,955,715 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 4,4050,120 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - 7718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 78,9965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 30,335 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 9,296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 9,296,219 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) Less elase liabilities (81,638) (11,504,918) Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Unamortized premium (2,400,554) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918	Buildings and improvements	98,317,117	27,655,700	16,934	-	125,955,883			
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 4,050,120 Buildings and improvements 44,574,650 4,292,378 16,934 - 48,850,094 Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based if arrangements 630,360 88,467 - - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based if arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$33,172,941 \$36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 Less lease liabilities (81,638) (81,638) Less subscription liabilities (81,638) (81,638) Less subscription liabilities (81,638) (81,638) Less unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Equipment	61,872,145	11,171,602	3,549,671	-	69,494,076			
Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 4,050,120	Total capital assets being depreciated	169,695,018	38,827,302	3,566,605	-	204,955,715			
Land Improvements 3,983,943 66,177 - 4,050,120	Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - 7 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - 70,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 30,335 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 265,884 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 9,399 - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ 112,739,009 Less outstanding debt related to capital ass	•	3,983,943	66,177	-	-	4,050,120			
Equipment 51,320,082 5,778,580 3,549,671 - 53,548,991 Total accumulated depreciation 99,878,675 10,137,135 3,566,605 - 106,449,205 Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - 7 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - 70,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 190,399 - 30,335 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 265,884 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 9,399 - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ 112,739,009 Less outstanding debt related to capital ass	·	44,574,650	4,292,378	16,934	-	48,850,094			
Net capital assets being depreciated 69,816,343 28,690,167 - - 98,506,510 Right-to-use assets: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 (77,545,000 (77,545,000 (81,638) (81,63		51,320,082	5,778,580	3,549,671	-	53,548,991			
Right-to-use assets: 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (88,245) - - 493,746 Less subscription liabilities (81,638) (81,638) (91,509) (97,545,000) Less subscription liabilities (81,638) (91,509) (91,509) (91,509) (92,604,478) Unamortized premi	Total accumulated depreciation	99,878,675	10,137,135	3,566,605	_	106,449,205			
Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 226,125 35,412 190,399 - 71,138 Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$33,172,941 \$36,520,246 \$ 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets (16,086,404 \$33,172,941 \$36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital ass	Net capital assets being depreciated	69,816,343	28,690,167	-	_	98,506,510			
Subscription-based IT arrangements 630,360 88,467 - - 718,827 Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 (77,545,000 Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509) (404,066) Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478) (2,640,478) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Right-to-use assets:								
Total right-to-use assets 856,485 123,879 190,399 - 789,965 Accumulated amortization:	Lease assets - Buildings and improvements	226,125	35,412	190,399	-	71,138			
Accumulated amortization: Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) \$ (77,545,000) Less lease liabilities (81,638) \$ (41,509) Less subscription liabilities (507,936) \$ (404,066) Unamortized premium (2,400,554) \$ (2,640,478) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 \$ 9,290,523	Subscription-based IT arrangements	630,360	88,467	-	-	718,827			
Lease assets - Buildings and improvements 148,422 72,312 190,399 - 30,335 Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$33,172,941 \$36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 (77,545,000 Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509) (404,066) Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478) 9,290,523 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Total right-to-use assets	856,485	123,879	190,399	-	789,965			
Subscription-based IT arrangements 126,072 139,812 - - 265,884 Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000) (77,545,000) (41,509) (41,509) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,078) </td <td>Accumulated amortization:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Accumulated amortization:								
Total accumulated amortization 274,494 212,124 190,399 - 296,219 Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 (77,545,000 (41,509) (41,509) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,066) (404,078	Lease assets - Buildings and improvements	148,422	72,312	190,399	-	30,335			
Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net 581,991 (88,245) - - 493,746 Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000) (77,545,000) Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509) (404,066) Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478) (2,640,478) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523		126,072	139,812	-	-	265,884			
Net capital assets 116,086,404 \$ 33,172,941 \$ 36,520,246 \$ - 112,739,099 Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509) Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066) Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Total accumulated amortization	274,494	212,124	190,399	-	296,219			
Less outstanding debt related to capital assets (76,810,000) (77,545,000 Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509 Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Total right-to-use assets, being amortized, net	581,991	(88,245)	-	-	493,746			
Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509 Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Net capital assets	116,086,404 \$	33,172,941	\$ 36,520,246	\$ -	112,739,099			
Less lease liabilities (81,638) (41,509 Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	Lacs outstanding daht related to capital assets	(76.810.000)				(77 5/15 000)			
Less subscription liabilities (507,936) (404,066 Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478 Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	-								
Unamortized premium (2,400,554) (2,640,478) Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523									
Plus unexpended debt proceeds 11,524,918 9,290,523	·								
Net investment in capital assets \$ 47.811.194 \$ 41.398.569						9,290,523			
	Net investment in capital assets	\$ 47.811 194				\$ 41 398 569			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 4: Short-Term Debt

The District did not engage in any short-term debt activity during the year.

Note 5: Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the District consists of general obligation promissory notes, lease and subscription liabilities.

The changes in long-term obligations are as follows:

		Balance					Balance			Due Within	
	J	une 30, 2023		Additions		Reductions June 30, 2024			One Year		
General obligation		77 545 000		46 200 000		0.445.000		04 630 000	۸.	0.240.000	
promissory notes	\$	77,545,000	Ş	16,200,000	Ş	9,115,000	Ş	84,630,000	Ş	9,310,000	
Lease liability		41,509		-		15,989		25,520		6,931	
Subscription liability		404,066		-		129,442		274,624		134,620	
Plus unamortized premium		2,640,478		827,152		327,560		3,140,070			
Total	\$	80,631,053	\$	17,027,152	\$	9,587,991	\$	88,070,214	\$	9,451,551	

	J	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Additions Reductions		Balance June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year
General obligation								
promissory notes	\$	76,810,000	\$ 10,200,000	\$	9,465,000	\$	77,545,000	\$ 8,975,000
Lease liability		81,638	35,412		75,541		41,509	15,989
Subscription liability		507,936	-		103,870		404,066	129,442
Plus unamortized premium		2,400,554	466,623		226,699		2,640,478	
Total	\$	79,800,128	\$ 10,702,035	\$	9,871,110	\$	80,631,053	\$ 9,120,431

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 5: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General -Term Obligation

The District pledges full faith, credit, and resources of the District to pay all outstanding general obligation promissory notes. The District levies taxes annually to pay the amount of principal and interest due for the debt. General obligation debt of the District at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

		Principa	al	Interest	
	2024	-	2023	2024	2023
August 2014 - \$4,395,000 general obligation promissory notes payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 2.0% to 2.5%, payable semiannually in April and October; varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2024. Proceeds used for acquiring movable equipment and building remodeling and improvements.	\$	- \$	200,000 \$	-	\$ 5,000
June 2016 - \$3,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 1.25% to 2.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2024. Proceeds used for acquiring equipment and building					
remodeling.		-	200,000	-	4,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Principal		Interes	st
	2024	2023	2024	2023
August 2016 - \$2,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at .75% to 2.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2026. Proceeds used for acquiring movable equipment and building additions or enlargements.	\$ 300,000 \$	\$ 445,000 \$	7,125 \$	13,988
July 2017 - \$5,000,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 1.0% to 2.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2025. Proceeds used for acquiring equipment and facility and non-facility remodeling and improvements.	265,000	1,190,000	5,300	29,100
August 2017 - \$3,000,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 1.5% to 2.25%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2027. Proceeds used for acquiring equipment, facility and nonfacility remodeling and improvements, and new facilities.	635,000	1,020,000	24,413	46,400
June 2018 - \$6,400,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 0.1% to 3.5%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2026. Proceeds used for acquiring equipment, facility and nonfacility remodeling and improvements, and new facilities.	1,310,000	2,345,000	54,075	136,150

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Principal		Inte	Interest	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
March 2019 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 0.05% to 3.25%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2027. Proceeds used for facility and non-facility remodeling and improvements.	\$ 600,	000 \$ 790,0	000 \$ 37,375	\$ 59,200	
April 2019 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 0.05% to 2.5%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2027. Proceeds used for facility and non-facility remodeling and improvements.	615,	000 810,0	000 31,000	50,763	
July 2019 - \$3,840,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 2.0% to 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2026. Proceeds used for acquiring equipment.	1,410,	000 2,080,0	000 85,000	168,200	
June 2020 - \$11,525,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 2.0% to 3.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2030. Proceeds used for acquiring site, building addition, remodeling, and equipment.	8,915,	000 9,625,0	000 870,400	1,084,050	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Princi	pal	Interest		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
February 2021 - \$41,400,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 1.0% to 5.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2040. Proceeds used for acquiring referendum site, building addition, remodeling, and equipment.	\$ 34,560,000 \$	3 36,235,000 \$	5,688,775 \$	6,392,713	
July 2021 - \$9,100,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 1.0% to 1.5%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2028. Proceeds used for public purpose of paying the cost of acquiring movable equipment.	7,500,000	8,500,000	270,675	384,013	
February 2021 - \$5,700,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on October 1, 2022 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2030. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.	3,410,000	3,905,000	483,588	628,300	
March 2023 - \$5,700,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at .25% to 6.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on October 1, 2023 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2030. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.	4,990,000	5,700,000	845,523	1,034,752	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	Principal			Interest		
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
April 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 3.0% to 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on October 1, 2023 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.	\$	1,340,000 \$	1,500,000 \$	207,750 \$	262,708	
May 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 3.375% to 4.625%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2024 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.		1,360,000	1,500,000	218,950	272,149	
June 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0% to 5.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2024 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.		1,360,000	1,500,000	237,950	290,937	
July 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0% to 5.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2024 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.		1,360,000	-	238,900	-	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

_	Principal		Interest			
		2024	2023		2024	2023
August 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2025 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.	\$	1,500,000 \$		- \$	251,600 \$	-
August 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2026 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.		1,500,000		-	278,000	_
October 2023 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2026 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.		1,500,000		-	347,000	-
January 2024 - \$5,700,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2026 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodel, improvement projects, and movable equipment.		5,700,000		_	1,080,900	_

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

	 Principal		Interest		
	2024	2023		2024	2023
February 2024 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 5.0% to 3.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2026 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2031. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.	\$ 1,500,000 \$		- \$	266,420 \$	-
March 2024 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2026 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2032. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.	1,500,000		-	320,267	-
April 2024 - \$1,500,000 general obligation promissory note payable at Cede and Co., New York, New York, with interest at 4.0%, payable semiannually in April and October, varying principal payments are due on April 1, 2027 and then annually on April 1 until maturity on April 1, 2032. Proceeds used for paying the cost of building remodeling and improvement projects.	1,500,000		_	329,500	_
Total general obligation debt	\$ 84,630,000 \$	77,545,0	00 \$	12,180,486 \$	10,862,423

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 5: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Principal and interest maturities on general obligation promissory notes at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2025	\$ 9,310,000	\$ 2,284,122 \$	11,594,122
2026	9,745,000	2,049,000	11,794,000
2027	10,115,000	1,745,231	11,860,231
2028	9,665,000	1,407,556	11,072,556
2029	7,125,000	1,102,362	8,227,362
2030-2034	21,675,000	2,508,163	24,183,163
2035-2039	14,000,000	1,026,150	15,026,150
2040	2,995,000	57,900	3,052,900
Total	\$ 84,630,000	\$ 12,180,484 \$	96,810,484

The District has entered into a noncancelable SBITA with Microsoft. The agreement matures during the year ended June 30, 2026. The related subscription liability has been discounted at a rate of 4.00%. Principal and interest maturities on the subscription liabilities at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2025	\$ 134,620 \$	10,985 \$	145,605	
2026	140,004	5,600	145,604	
Total	\$ 274,624 \$	16,585 \$	291,209	

Principal and interest maturities on the lease liabilities at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Fiscal year	F	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	A	C 024 . Ć	050 6	7 000
2025	\$	6,931 \$	869 \$	7,800
2026		7,214	586	7,800
2027		7,508	292	7,800
2028		3,867	33	3,900
Total	\$	25,520 \$	1,747 \$	23,400

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 5: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 67.03(1) limits general obligation debt of the District to 5% of the equalized value of the taxable property located in the District. As of June 30, 2024, the 5% limitation was \$2,033,321,046 and the District's outstanding general obligation debt was \$84,630,000. The District's outstanding general obligation debt (net of resources available to pay principal and interest) at June 30, 2024, was \$83,112,822. Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 67.03(9) limits bonded indebtedness of the District to 2% of the equalized value of the taxable property located in the District. As of June 30, 2024, the 2% limitation was \$813,328,418. The District had no bonded indebtedness for the period.

Note 6: Lease Receivable

On July 1, 2021, the District entered into a lease with the Lakeland College (lessee) for office space. Under the lease, the lessee will pay the District \$67,158, annually. The original lease term was to run through December 31, 2024, but the lease was terminated early on December 31, 2023. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized lease revenue of \$33,912 and \$1,742 of interest revenue under the lease.

Note 7: Leases

The lease with Neighbors of Dunn County is for agricultural land (to be used for instructional purposes) and commenced in January 2020. The lease term is for five years, expiring in December 2024. Annual payments are \$9,612. The lease liability was measured at a discount rate of 3%. The lease liability was \$- at June 30, 2024 and \$9,329 at June 30, 2023.

The lease with St. Croix Valley is for office space and commenced in January 2023. The lease term is for five years, expiring in December 2027. Annual payments are \$7,800. The lease liability was measured at a discount rate of 4%. The lease liability was \$25,520 at June 30, 2024 and \$32,180 at June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System

Plan Description

The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found online at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund	
Year	Adjustment	Adjustment	
2014	470/	25.0.0/	
2014	4.7 %	25.0 %	
2015	2.9 %	2.0 %	
2016	0.5 %	(5.0)%	
2017	2.0 %	4.0 %	
2018	2.4 %	17.0 %	
2019	- %	(10.0)%	
2020	1.7 %	21.0 %	
2021	5.1 %	13.0 %	
2022	7.4 %	15.0 %	
2023	1.6 %	(21.0)%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executive and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,854,057 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024		2	2023
Employee Category	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers,				
executives, and elected officials)	6.90%	6.90%	6.80%	6.80%
Protective with Social Security	6.90%	14.30%	6.80%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.90%	19.10%	6.80%	18.10%

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported a liability of \$3,002,686 and an asset of \$10,541,048 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, within the District's fiscal year, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation one year prior to and rolled forward to the measurement date. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was 0.20195550% and 0.19897391% (an increase of 0.00298159% from the prior year).

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,062,175 and \$5,351,852.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2024			2023				
		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	(Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	12,106,802	\$	16,035,533	\$	16,788,624	\$	22,056,482
Change in assumptions		1,308,784		-		2,072,806		-
Net differences between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		10,463,875		-		17,906,806		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate								
share of contributions		64,462		32,034		96,524		50,471
Employer contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		1,455,760		-		1,320,789		_
						_		
Total	\$	25,399,683	\$	16,067,567	\$	38,185,549	\$	22,106,953

Deferred outflows related to pensions resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 1,618,324
2026	1,706,522
2027	6,569,101
2028	(2,017,591)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the actuarial valuations used for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	2024	2023
Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Experience study	January 1, 2018-	January 1, 2018-December
	December 31, 2020	31, 2020 Published
	Published November	November 19, 2021
	19, 2021	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry Age
Asset valuation method	Fair market value	Fair Market Value
Long-term expected rate of return	6.8%	6.8%
Discount rate	6.8%	6.8%
Salary Increases:		
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Postretirement adjustments*	1.7%	1.7%

^{*}No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions for the 2022 valuation are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2023 and 2022, is based upon a rollforward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 and 2021, actuarial valuations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2023

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate
	Allocation %	of Return %	of Return %
Core fund asset class:			
Global equities	40.0%	7.3%	4.5%
Fixed income	27.0%	5.8%	3.0%
Inflation sensitive assets	19.0%	4.4%	1.7%
Real estate	8.0%	5.8%	3.0%
Private equity/debt	18.0%	9.6%	6.7%
Multi-asset	(12.0)%	3.7%	1.0%
Total core fund	100.0%	7.4%	4.6%
Variable fund asset:			
U.S. equities	70.0%	6.8%	4.0%
International equities	30.0%	7.6%	4.8%
Total variable fund	100.0%	7.3%	4.5%

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.70%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range up to 20%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2022

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	of Return %
Core fund:			
Global equities	48.0%	7.6%	5.0%
Fixed income	25.0%	5.3%	2.7%
Inflation sensitive assets	19.0%	3.6%	1.1%
Real estate	8.0%	5.2%	2.6%
Private equity/debt	15.0%	9.6%	6.9%
Total core fund	115.0%	7.4%	4.8%
Variable fund:			
U.S. equities	70.0%	7.2%	4.6%
International equities	30.0%	8.1%	5.5%
Total variable fund	100.0%	7.7%	5.1%

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, as asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Single Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. The discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (2024) and 4.05% (2023). (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively." In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipality Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities). Because of the unique structure of the WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	2	2024		
	Decrease Rate	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
1% decrease to discount rate Current discount rate 1% increase to discount rate	5.8% 6.8% 7.8%	\$ 29,022,415 3,002,686 (15,204,418)	5.8% 6.8% 7.8%	\$ 34,985,395 10,541,048 (6,274,566)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported a payable of \$477,902 and \$640,012.

The District also sponsors a defined contribution retirement plan under Code Section 403(b) that allows all employees to make pretax voluntary contributions. This plan does not provide for employer contributions.

Note 9: District Pension Plan and Benefits (Supplemental Stipend)

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit plan for eligible management and professional employees hired prior to June 30, 2009, and faculty hired prior to July 1, 2012, that provides a one-time contribution equal to 36% of an employee's final contracted salary into a TSA account. The pension plan is closed to new entrants. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 73, paragraph 4, and there is no standalone report for the plan. There are 78 active plan members and 18 inactive plan members currently receiving benefits. The District Board has the authority to establish and amend the types of benefits provided through the pension plan.

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, was measured as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. There have been no changes of assumptions or other inputs and no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date. There have been no changes that are expected to have a significant effect on the total pension liability since the measurement date. The actuarial assumptions included an inflation rate of 2.5% at June 30, 2022 and projected salary increases of 3.0%, average, including inflation. The discount rate used in the measurement of the total pension liability was 4.13% at June 30, 2023 and 4.00% at June 30, 2022, as determined by the actuary based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year Higher Grade Index as of June 30, 2023 and 2022. Mortality, disability, and retirement rates are from the Wisconsin Retirement System experience for public schools.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 9: District Pension Plan and Benefits (Supplemental Stipend) (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted in 2021 using experience from 2018-2020.

Changes in the total pension liability for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

		Total Pension	<u>Liability</u>
		2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,046,593 \$	2,275,464
, , , ,	•	, , ,	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		62,756	111,556
Interest on the total pension liability		76,676	49,222
Differences between expected and actual experience		84,177	46,943
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(11,833)	(149,432)
Benefit payments		(322,153)	(287,160)
Net Changes		(110,377)	(228,871)
Balance, end of the year	\$	1,936,216 \$	2,046,593

The following presents the total pension liability of the District, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	2	2024		
		District's Total		
	Decrease Rate	Pension Liability	Discount Rate	Pension Liability
1% decrease to discount rate	3.13%	\$ 2,027,484	3.00%	\$ 2,143,803
Current discount rate 1% increase to discount rate	4.13% 5.13%	1,936,216 1,846,843	4.00% 5.00%	2,046,593 2,167,181

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 9: District Pension Plan and Benefits (Supplemental Stipend) (Continued)

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$106,825 and \$120,133. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following resources:

	2024		2023				
		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
	Οι	utflows of	Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	R	esources	Resources		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$	270,589	\$ 390,226	\$	254,066	\$	455,263
Change in assumptions or other input		16,172	219,160		20,214		246,593
Benefit payments subsequent to the							
measurement date		294,607	-		322,153		_
Total	\$	581,368	\$ 609,386	\$	596,433	\$	701,856

Deferred outflows related to pensions resulting from benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	C (In	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources	
2025	\$	(32,607)	
2026		(32,607)	
2027		(32,609)	
2028		(78,123)	
2029		(75,686)	
Thereafter		(70,993)	

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 10: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses through the District's group medical insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. The eligibility requirements are based on the retirees position, years of service, and age at retirement. If eligible, the retiree may receive medical insurance benefits until eligible for Medicare. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, and there is not a standalone report for the plan. There are 540 active plan members and 64 inactive plan members currently receiving benefits. The plan is closed to new entrants.

The contribution requirements of plan members are based on the employee handbook in effect on the date of retirement. In the year of retirement, the District pays 100% of the medical insurance premium for eligible members. In years subsequent to the retirement year, the retiree pays the difference between the current premium and the amount of the premium in effect at the date of retirement. The District's contribution is established annually based on an amount to pay current premiums, less the retiree portion. For fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the District contributed \$395,990 and \$920,900 to the plan for current premiums, while plan members receiving benefits contributed \$162,397 and \$157,147 (approximately 13% and 13% of total premiums).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 10: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported a total OPEB liability of \$6,810,789 and \$7,234,283. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and was determined by and actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	2024	2023
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increases: Inflation Merit	3.0% 0.1%-3.0%	3.0% 0.1% - 3.0%
Healthcare cost	7.0% decreasing to 6.5%, then decreasing by 0.1% per year down to 4.5% and level thereafter	7.0% decreasing to 6.5%, then decreasing by 0.1% per year down to 4.5% and level thereafter
Discount rate	4.13%	4.00%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Table for Active Employees and Healthy Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generated MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.	2020 WRS Experience Table for Active Employees and Healthy Retirees projected with mortality improvements using the fully generated MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010.
Actuarial assumptions	Based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using WRS experience from 2018-2020	Based on an experience study conducted in 2021 using WRS experience from 2018-2020

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 10: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

The 4.13% and 4.00% discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability were determined by the actuary based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Inesas of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Changes in the total OPEB liability for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 7,234,283 \$	11,172,992
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	156,898	335,912
Interest	274,091	243,908
Changes in benefit terms	-	(3,878,112)
Differences between expected and actual experience	106,611	852,528
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(40,194)	(491,733)
Benefit payments	(920,900)	(1,001,212)
Net Changes	(423,494)	(3,938,709)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 6,810,789 \$	7,234,283

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	2024		2	.023		
	Discount Total OPEB Rate Liability				Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease to discount rate Current discount rate 1% increase to discount rate	3.13% 4.13% 5.13%	\$ 7,123,525 6,810,789 6,508,434	3.00% 4.00% 5.00%	\$ 7,578,886 7,234,283 6,902,432		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 10: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

The following represents the District's total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate from the study, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	2024	2024		
	Health Care Cost	Total OPEB	Health Care Cost	Total OPEB
	Trend Rates	Liability	Trend Rates	Liability
	6.0% decreasing	\$ 6,363,977	6.0% decreasing \$	6,815,987
1% decrease	to 3.5%		to 3.5%	
	7.0% decreasing	6,810,789	7.0% decreasing	7,234,283
Current	to 4.5%		to 4.5%	
	8.0% decreasing	7,316,510	8.0% decreasing	7,707,364
1% increase	to 5.5%		to 5.5%	

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$536,276 and \$(3,202,490). At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	2024			2023				
			Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 700,329	\$	618,971	\$	1,195,496	\$	928,458	
Change in assumptions or other input Benefit payments subsequent to the	245,959		385,689		380,939		667,479	
measurement date	395,990		-		920,900		-	
Total	\$ 1,342,278	\$	1,004,660	\$	2,497,335	\$	1,595,937	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 10: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	(1	et Deferred Outflows nflows) of Resources
2025	\$	(113,477)
2026	Ÿ	(137,475)
2027		61,030
2028		61,030
2029		61,031
Thereafter		9,489

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found online at http://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issues a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a postretirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with basic coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% postretirement coverage	40% of member contribution

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as listed below:

Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05
30-34	0.06	0.06
35-39	0.07	0.07
40-44	0.08	0.08
45-49	0.12	0.12
50-54	0.22	0.22
55-59	0.39	0.39
60-64	0.49	0.49
65-69	0.57	0.57

^{*}Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$30,176 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported a liability of \$6,618,386 and \$5,318,522 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured at December 31 within the District's fiscal year, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation one year prior to and rolled forward to the measurement date. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District's proportion was 1.438575% and 1.396001% (an increase of 0.042574% from the prior year).

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$467,959 and \$462,763.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

		2024		2023		
	Deferred Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
		Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	585,746	\$ -	\$ 520,505	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		89,411	-	99,798	-	
Changes in assumptions		2,070,287	2,606,179	1,910,830	3,139,386	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		193,986	256,273	27,295	333,843	
Employer contributions subsequent to themeasurement date		15,141	_	14,356		
Total	\$	2,368,825 \$	3,448,198	\$ 2,052,279	\$ 3,993,734	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	O: (Inf	Deferred utflows lows) of sources
2025	\$	(96,715)
2026		(15,347)
2027		(249,220)
2028		(440,790)
2029		(395,269)
Thereafter		102,827
Thereafter		102,827

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuations used for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

_	2024	2023
Actuarial valuation date	January 1,2023	January 1,2022
Measurement date of net OPEB liability (asset)	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Experience study	January 1, 2018-	January 1, 2018-December
	December 31, 2020	31, 2020 Published
	Published November	November 19, 2021
	19, 2021	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry Age normal
20 Year tax exempt municipal bond yield	3.26%	3.72%
Long-term expected rate of return	4.25%	4.25%
Discount rate	3.32%	3.76%
Salary Increases:		
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience	2020 WRS Experience
	Mortality Table	Mortality Table

^{*} Based on the Bond Buyers GO Index

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets: The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carrier's general fund, specifically 10- year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investment). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2023

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interm Credit	40%	2.32%
U.S. mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	60%	2.52%
Inflation			2.30 %
Long-term expected rate of return	1		4.25 %

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate remained unchanged from the prior year at 2.30%.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2022

		Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	of Return
U.S. intermediate credit bonds U.S. mortgages	Bloomberg US Interim Credit Bloomberg US MBS	50% 50%	2.45% 2.83%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-term expected rate of return			4.25%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Single Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 3.32% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 3.76% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 3.72% as of December 31, 2022 to 3.26% as of December 31, 2023. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

<u>Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:</u> The following presents District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate of 3.32%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.32%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.32%) than the current rate:

	2024		2023			
	Discount Rate		Net OPEB Liability	Discount Rate		Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease to discount rate Current discount rate 1% increase to discount rate	2.32% 3.32% 4.32%	\$	8,892,724 6,618,386 4,882,330	2.76% 3.76% 4.76%	\$	7,251,242 5,318,522 3,837,317

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 12: Expense Classification

Expenses on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are classified by function. Alternatively, the expenses could also be shown by type of expense, as follows for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Calarias and wasse	¢ 44 161 600 ¢	44 445 505
Salaries and wages	\$ 44,161,699 \$	41,445,585
Employee benefits	17,646,218	15,863,590
Travel, memberships, and subscriptions	805,483	797,654
Supplies	8,605,831	16,255,809
Contracted services	8,287,868	7,465,387
Rentals	57,477	26,372
Credit	302,727	336,406
Insurance	593,305	499,090
Utilities	1,765,727	1,354,340
Depreciation	11,059,442	10,349,261
Student aid	3,519,942	3,411,428
Total operating expenses	\$ 96,805,719 \$	97,804,922

Note 13: Transactions With Component Unit

The District has the following transactions and balances with Chippewa Valley Technical College Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit:

	2024	2023
Cash donations from the Foundation to the District for capital projects and support services	\$ 948,142 \$	417,567
Payment for services from the Foundation based on memorandum of understanding	70,000	70,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 14: Contingencies

The District receives regular program aids from the Wisconsin Technical College System Board based on aidable expenditures. This amount is subject to adjustment based on a state audit of the full-time equivalent students and cost allocation reports of the District and other districts of the state. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, has not been completed. It is the belief of management of the District that audit adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the District's financial position.:

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and appropriate legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

Note 15: Risk Management

Districts Mutual Insurance Company (DMI)

In July 2004, all 16 WTCS technical colleges created Districts Mutual Insurance Company (DMI). DMI is a fully-assessable mutual company authorized under Wisconsin Statute 611 to provide property, casualty, and liability insurance and risk management services to its members. The scope of insurance protection provided by DMI is broad, covering property at \$500,000,000 per occurrence; general liability, auto, and educators' legal liability at \$5,000,000 per occurrence; and workers' compensation at the statutorily required limits.

At this time, settled claims have not approached the coverage limits as identified above. The District's exposure in its layer of insurance is limited to its deductible amounts, which vary by coverage from \$2,500 to \$100,000 per occurrence. DMI purchases reinsurance for its losses in excess of the retained layer of coverage above \$250,000 per occurrence.

DMI operations are governed by a five-member board of directors. Member colleges do not exercise any control over the activities of DMI beyond election of the board of directors at the annual meeting. The board has the authority to adopt its own budget, set policy matters, and control the financial affairs of DMI.

Each member college was assessed an annual premium. Since DMI is fully capitalized, member colleges have not been assessed a capitalization amount for fiscal years 2024 and 2023. Future premiums will be based on relevant rating exposure bases as well as the historical loss experience by members. DMI's ongoing operational expenses, other than loss adjustment expenses, are apportioned pro rata to each participant based on equity interest in DMI.

The DMI financial statements can be obtained through Districts Mutual Insurance, 212 W. Pinehurst Trail, Dakota Dunes, South Dakota 57049.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 15: Risk Management (Continued)

Supplemental Insurance

In July 1997, 11 of the 16 WTCS technical colleges formed the WTCS Insurance Trust to jointly purchase commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from theft of, damages to, or destruction of assets. This trust grew to include 16 WTCS technical colleges. In order to achieve additional cost savings, the technical colleges made a decision to form their own insurance company. The Trust financial statements can be obtained through Lakeshore Technical College, 1290 North Avenue, Cleveland, WI 53015.

The WTCS Insurance Trust has purchased the following levels of coverage for its participating members:

- Foreign liability: \$2,000,000 aggregate general; \$1,000,000 auto per accident; \$1,000,000 employee benefits; includes benefit for accidental death and dismemberment, repatriation, and medical expenses; \$1,000 deductible for employee benefits.
- Crime: \$750,000 coverage for employee dishonesty, forgery, computer fraud, and funds transfer fraud;
 \$500,000 coverage for theft, robbery, burglary, disappearance, and destruction of money and securities;
 \$25,000 coverage for investigation expenses;
 \$2,500 deductible for investigation,
 \$15,000 deductible for employee dishonesty, forgery, and fraud.

Note 16: Outstanding Contractual Commitments

During the year, the District entered into various contracts with a general contractor related to capital projects. The total amount that remained unspent on these contracts as of June 30, 2024 was \$3,055,884.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit

This report contains the Chippewa Valley Technical College Foundation, Inc., which is included as a discretely presented component unit. In addition to the basic financial statements, the following disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation

A - Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Foundation's deposits may not be returned to it. The Foundation does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, none of the Foundation's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Pooled investments at June 30 are summarized as follows:

	2024		2023		
	Market				Market
		Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Institutional/CMA Money Fund	\$	326,456 \$	326,456 \$	248,348 \$	248,348
Fixed Income	•	2,013,748	2,009,205	1,562,419	1,551,970
AMCAP Fund		482,922	649,636	619,598	748,742
Capital World Growth and Income Fund		426,832	588,827	408,806	498,729
Fundamental Investors		501,790	691,272	529,180	623,638
Capital Income Builder Fund		770,771	924,273	776,599	891,422
Income Fund of America		773,288	903,224	777,089	872,903
Totals	\$	5,295,807 \$	6,092,893 \$	4,922,039 \$	5,435,752

Return on investment consists of the following at June 30:

	2024	2023
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 432,025 \$	322,999
Realized gains	55,641	407
Interest and dividend income	200,011	127,157
		_
	\$ 687,677 \$	450,563

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

B – Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards provide the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

B- Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Information regarding assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024						
		Meas	urements Using				
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value		
Assets at fair value:							
Money market funds	\$	326,456 \$	- \$	-	\$ 326,456		
Mutual funds - Equity securities		3,757,232	-	-	3,757,232		
Fixed income		-	2,009,205	-	2,009,205		
Total assets at fair value	\$	4 በ83 688 <i>\$</i>	2 009 205 \$	_	\$ 6,092,893		
Total assets at fair value	\$	4,083,688 \$	2,009,205 \$	-	\$ 6,092,893		

	2023						
		Mea	surements Usin	g			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value		
Assets at fair value:							
Money market funds	\$	248,348 \$	- \$	- \$	248,348		
Mutual funds - Equity securities		3,635,434	-	-	3,635,434		
Fixed Income		1,551,970	-	-	1,551,970		
Total assets at fair value	\$	5,435,752 \$	- \$	- \$	5,435,752		

The methods described above and shown above for fair value calculations may produce a fair value calculation that may be different from the net realizable value or not reflective of future values expected to be received. The Foundation believes that its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants; however, the use of these various methodologies and assumptions may produce results that differ in the fair value at the financial reporting date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

C – Restricted Net Position and Endowments

Net position restricted for scholarships and other activities includes assets set aside in accordance with donor restrictions as to time or use. Net position restricted for scholarships and other activities is available for the following purposes or periods at June 30:

	2024	2023
Endowments	\$ 3,690,124 \$	3,168,192
Scholarships	295,576	551,872
Equipment	75,322	75,322
Programs	346,121	321,194
Professional development	4,137	4,042
Other	662,306	690,095
Гotal	\$ 5,073,586 \$	4,810,717

Restricted-nonexpendable net position has been restricted by donors to be maintained in perpetuity, the income of which is expendable to support scholarship programs of the Foundation.

The Foundation's endowments consist of funds that are invested in money market accounts, corporate and government bonds, and mutual funds. These endowments include donor-restricted endowment funds and unrestricted board-designated endowment funds. Net position associated with the endowment funds is classified and reported on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Chippewa Valley Technical College District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

C - Restricted Net Position and Endowments (Continued)

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as restricted-nonexpendable net position (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donorrestricted endowment fund that is not classified in restricted-nonexpendable net position (primarily investment returns available for grants net of administrative fees) is classified as restricted for scholarships and other activities until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donor restricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) other resources of the Foundation, and (7) the Foundation's investment policies.

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters, and Strategies. The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the Board of Directors, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to provide a market-competitive total return on assets to increase the asset base over the long-term and meet potential partial disbursement requirements of its restricted funds. Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which includes equity and fixed income securities. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to not expose the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

Spending Policy. The spending policy for the Foundation is directed by the Board of Directors. Endowment scholarship payments may not exceed 5% of total endowment fund balances as determined at June 30 of each year. Administrative expenses, legal, tax, accounting, and investment advisory fees will be paid from the operating fund and are not included in the amount designated for disbursement. It is the responsibility of the Board of Directors to annually review the spending policy and make adjustments as necessary to preserve the purchasing power of the Foundation. Further, it shall be the responsibility of the Board of Directors to promptly communicate any changes in the spending policy to its investment manager.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

C – Restricted Net Position and Endowments (Continued)

Endowments that are donor restricted consisted of the following on June 30:

	 Donor Restricted		
	2024	2023	
Unrestricted - Board designated	\$ 694,320 \$	612,225	
With donor restrictions	3,690,124	3,168,192	
Total	\$ 4,384,444 \$	3,780,417	

Changes in endowment net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, consisted of the following:

		4		
	Ur	restricted		
		Board	Donor	
	D	esignated	Restricted	Total
Endowment net position at beginning of year	\$	612,225 \$	3,168,192 \$	3,780,417
Investment return		83,092	576,188	659,280
Contributions		29,221	132,589	161,810
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures		(30,218)	(186,845)	(217,063)
				_
	\$	694,320 \$	3,690,124 \$	4,384,444

		2023	3			
	Ur	restricted				
		Board	Donor			
	D	esignated	Restricted	Total		
Endowment net position at beginning of year	\$	563,884 \$	2,853,619 \$	3,417,503		
Investment return		57,419	385,546	442,965		
Contributions		10,078	93,019	103,097		
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures		(19,156)	(163,992)	(183,148)		
			_			
	\$	612,225 \$	3,168,192 \$	3,780,417		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 17: Component Unit (Continued)

D - Unconditional Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give consist of the following at June 30:

	2024	2023
Restricted for Naming Opportunities	\$ - \$	4,750
Restricted for River Falls campus improvements	-	-
Restricted for AC, Heating and Refrigeration Program	9,619	12,825
Restricted for IT naming opportunities	11,400	15,200
Restricted for United Way Microgrant	148,280	198,208
Restricted for Nursing	-	-
Restricted for ESEC naming opportunities	61,750	92,625
Restricted for Tec naming opportunities	46,550	62,225
Restricted for capital building	-	-
Restricted for administrative fees	21,782	30,550
Other	-	
Total restricted	299,381	416,383
Less - Discount on pledges receivable	(16,978)	(30,669)
Total unconditional promises to give	\$ 282,403 \$	385,714
Amounts Due in:		
Less than one year	\$ 114,309 \$	165,113
One to five years	185,072	220,601
	\$ 299,381 \$	385,714

Unconditional promises to give due in more than one year are to be reflected at the present value of estimated future cash flows. At June 30, 2024, future unconditional promises to give were discounted at 4.13% and at June 30, 2023, future unconditional promises to give were not discounted, as the discount amount was not material to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios - District Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Measurement date	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016
Total Pension liability: Service cost Interest on total	\$ 62,756	\$ 111,556	\$ 109,101	\$ 161,535	\$ 150,725	\$ 167,571	\$ 178,844	\$ 178,844
pension liability Differences between expected and actual	76,676	49,222	52,236	109,361	118,177	95,949	82,693	80,626
experience Changes of assumptions or other	84,177	46,943	-	(650,374)	-	477,764	-	-
input	(11,833)) (149,432) -	(72,986)	36,382	(68,104)	(71,293)	_
Benefit payments	(322,153)		•		(332,149)	(177,410)	(221,822)	(159,310)
Net change in total pension liability	(110,377)) (228,871) (144,474)	(795,299)	(26,865)	495,770	(31,578)	100,160
Total pension liability - Beginning	2,046,593	2,275,464	2,419,938	3,215,237	3,242,102	2,746,332	2,777,910	2,677,750
Total pension liability - Ending	\$ 1,936,216	\$ 2,046,593	\$ 2,275,464	\$ 2,419,938	\$ 3,215,237	\$ 3,242,102	\$ 2,746,332	\$ 2,777,910
Covered-employee payroll District's total pension liability as a percentage	\$ 7,541,547	\$ 7,541,547	\$ 9,734,565	\$ 9,734,565	\$ 14,135,517	\$ 14,135,517	\$ 13,867,156	\$13,867,156
of covered-employee payroll	25.67 %	6 27.14 %	6 23.38 %	24.86 %	22.75 %	22.94 %	19.80%	20.03%

Notes to Schedule:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 73, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Benefit changes: In 2024 and 2023, there were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate was changed to 4.13% in 2024, 4.0% in 2023, 2.25% in 2021 and 2022, 3.5% in 2020, 3.75% in 2019, and 3.5% in 2018 to be reflective of the 20-year AA municipal bond rates.

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Last 10 Calendar Years

Measurement Date December 31,	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proport of the	istrict's cionate Share Net Pension lity (Asset)		District's vered Payroll	Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of it's Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2023	0.20195550 %	Ś	3,002,686	\$	39,986,550	7.51 %	98.85 %
2022	0.19897391	т	10,541,048	,	36,622,960	28.78	95.72
2021	0.19944276		(16,075,453)		34,112,355	(47.13)	106.02
2020	0.20535808		(12,820,789)		32,898,151	(38.97)	105.26
2019	0.21350609		(6,884,411)		32,648,063	(21.09)	102.96
2018	0.21940654		7,805,796		33,039,626	23.63	96.45
2017	0.22257400		(6,608,486)		32,803,779	(20.15)	102.93
2016	0.22342502		1,841,556		31,953,776	5.76	99.12
2015	0.22691790		3,687,372		31,928,079	11.55	98.20
2014	0.22822948		(5,605,940)		31,248,811	(17.94)	102.74

Schedule of the Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Co	Contractually Required Contributions for the Fiscal Period		ibutions in ion to the cractually equired ributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Payroll	t's Covered for the Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	2,854,057	Ś	(2,854,057)	_	\$	41,661,161	6.85 %
2023	т	2,665,324	*	(2,665,324)	-	•	40,108,529	6.65
2022		2,323,902		(2,323,902)	-		35,018,452	6.64
2021		2,176,210		(2,176,210)	-		32,240,141	6.75
2020		2,172,704		(2,172,704)	-		32,234,059	6.74
2019		2,162,285		(2,162,285)	-		32,633,376	6.63
2018		2,249,431		(2,249,431)	-		33,322,622	6.75
2017		2,159,708		(2,159,708)	-		32,238,375	6.70
2016		2,133,414		(2,133,414)	-		31,835,599	6.70
2015		2,196,311		(2,196,311)	-		31,827,173	6.90

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Notes to the Schedules:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018
 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012
 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2021	December 31,2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age Level Percent of Payroll-				
Amortization Method:	Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date	Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date	Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date	Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date	Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date
Amortization Period:	of participation in WRS Five Year Smoothed				
Asset Valuation Method:	Market (Closed)				
Net Investment Rate of					
Return:	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%
Pre-retirement:	6.8%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Wage Inflation:	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit: Post-retirement Benefit	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Adjustments*:	1.7%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions: (Continued)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Retirement Age:	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibilitycondition. Last updated for the 2021 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2018-2020.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017.	rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation	rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Tables. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortalityimprovements using the MP-2021 fully generational improvement scale from a base year of 2010.	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%).

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions: (Continued)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Valuation Date:	December 31,2016	December 31,2015	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age Level Percent of Payroll-	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
	Closed Amortization	Level Percent of Payroll-			
Amortization Method:	Period	Closed Amortization Period	Closed Amortization Period	Closed Amortization Period	Closed Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30 Year closedfrom date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS
	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed Market			
Asset Valuation Method:	Market (Closed)	(Closed)	(Closed)	(Closed)	(Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate	·		,		
of Return:	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Weighted based on assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases					
Wage Inflation:	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit: Post-retirement Benefit	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Adjustments*:	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions: (Continued)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Retirement Age:	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated fo the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational.	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP- 2015 fully generational.	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) inmortality	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) inmortality	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) inmortality

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Last 10 Calendar Years*

	Measurement Date	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Propo Share o	strict's ortionate of the Net Liability	Distr	ict's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2024	12/31/2023	1.43857500 %	\$	6,618,386	\$	37,559,403	17.62 %	33.90 %
2023	12/31/2022	1.39600100	*	5,318,522	7	35,698,619	14.90	38.81
2022	12/31/2021	1.42879600		8,444,712		33,990,798	24.84	29.57
2021	12/31/2020	1.45225900		7,988,473		31,740,539	25.17	31.36
2020	12/31/2019	1.46832800		6,252,427		31,436,146	19.89	37.58
2019	12/31/2018	1.55202500		4,004,748		31,575,027	12.68	48.69
2018	12/31/2017	1.53253500		4,610,754		29,965,980	15.39	44.81

Schedule of the Employer Contributions Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Co	Rec ontrib	ractually quired outions for cal Period	Relation Contr Req	outions in on to the actually uired ibutions	 ribution cy (Excess)	Pay	ict's Covered rroll for the scal Period	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024		\$	30,176	\$	(30,176)	\$ -	\$	40,606,809	0.07 %
2023			28,788		(28,788)	-		39,144,655	0.07
2022			27,895		(27,895)	-		33,099,115	0.08
2021			29,235		(29,235)	-		31,081,234	0.09
2020			28,630		(28,630)	-		31,012,456	0.09
2019			29,243		(29,243)	-		31,111,605	0.09
2018			29,794		(29,794)	-		31,945,515	0.09

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Notes to the Schedules:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no recent changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

^{*}These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District OPEB Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024		2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Measurement date Total OPEB liability:	6/30/2023	6,	/30/2022		6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Service cost Interest on total	\$ 156,89	8 \$	335,912	\$	328,520	\$ 412,176	\$ 383,453	\$ 418,982	\$ 418,982
OPEB liability Changes of benefit	274,09	1	243,908		252,740	441,356	475,212	376,624	395,498
terms Differences between expected and actual		-	(3,878,112)		-	-	-	986,526	-
experience Changes of assumptions or	106,61	1	852,528		-	(1,856,919)	-	2,788,563	-
other input	(40,19	•	(491,733)		-	665,884	143,994	(1,475,964)	-
Benefit payments	(920,90	0)	(1,001,212)		(953,784)	(1,042,146)	(1,116,172)	(1,214,502)	(1,492,969)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability -	(423,49	4)	(3,938,709)		(372,524)	(1,379,649)	(113,513)	1,880,229	(678,489)
Beginning	7,234,28	3	11,172,992		11,545,516	12,925,165	13,038,678	11,158,449	11,836,938
Total OPEB liability - Ending	6,810,78	9 \$	7.234.283	Ś	11.172.992	\$ 11.545.516	\$ 12,925,165	\$ 13.038.678	\$ 11.158.449
Covered-employee payroll District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						33,458,415		
payroll	17.54	%	18.63 %		35.76 %	36.96 %	38.63 %	38.97%	60.63%

Notes to Schedule

Funding: There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Benefit changes: In 2018, the benefit terms were changed so that all eligible current and future retirees would receive the same contribution towards medical coverage as active employees, rather than contribution being frozen in the first year of retirement.

Changes of assumptions: The Discount rate was changed to 4.13% in 2024, 4.0% in 2023, 2.25% in 2021 and 2022, 3.50% in 2020, 3.75% in 2019, 3.75% in 2018 to be reflective of the 20-year AA municipal bond rates.

^{*}This schedule is intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Other Reports



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

District Board Chippewa Valley Technical College District Eau Claire, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the Chippewa Valley Technical College District (the "District") as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2024. The financial statements of the Chippewa Valley Technical College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"), a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Foundation.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP

December 19, 2024 Eau Claire, Wisconsin

Wippei LLP

Supplementary Financial Information

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Or	iginal Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	•	ustment to udgetary Basis	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Local Government - Property								
taxes	\$	14,176,325 \$	14,460,003 \$	14,460,003	\$	- \$	14,460,003	\$ -
Intergovernmental:	•		, ,	, ,	•	•	, ,	
State		27,341,035	29,577,362	29,577,362		-	29,577,362	-
Federal		25,000	23,435	23,435		-	23,435	-
Tuition and Fees								
Statutory program fees		14,772,284	14,942,145	14,942,145		-	14,942,145	-
Material fees		825,000	816,238	816,058		-	816,058	(180)
Other student fees		875,000	1,233,205	1,233,205		-	1,233,205	-
Institutional		2,250,000	3,845,576	3,845,576		-	3,845,576	
Total revenues		60,264,644	64,897,964	64,897,784		-	64,897,784	(180)
Expenditures:								
Instruction		38,957,557	41,127,123	40,804,490		(93,263)	40,711,227	415,896
Instructional resources		806,615	713,440	713,440		-	713,440	-
Student services		4,487,683	5,086,324	5,086,323		_	5,086,323	1
General institutional		14,081,056	14,737,574	15,189,871		(34,830)	15,155,041	(417,467)
Physical plant		5,922,925	5,997,169	6,193,614		(196,445)	5,997,169	
Total expenditures		64,255,836	67,661,630	67,987,738		(324,538)	67,663,200	(1,570)
Revenues over (under)		/2.004.402\	(2.762.666)	(2.000.05.4)		224 526	/2.7CF 44C\	(1.750)
expenditures		(3,991,192)	(2,763,666)	(3,089,954)		324,538	(2,765,416)	(1,750)
Fund balance - Beginning of year		18,271,161	16,800,599	17,217,923		(417,324)	16,800,599	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - End of year	\$	14,279,969 \$	14,036,933 \$	14,127,969	\$	(92,786) \$	14,035,183	\$ (1,750)

Special Revenue Aidable Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Ori	ginal Budget	,	Amended Budget	Actual	ljustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
Local government	\$	1,000,000 \$	5	1,000,000 \$	1,000,000	\$ - \$	1,000,000	\$ -
Intergovernmental:								
State		1,950,000		2,764,783	2,764,783	-	2,764,783	-
Federal		5,775,000		6,676,241	6,676,241	-	6,676,241	-
Other student fees		800,000		878,406	878,406	-	878,406	-
Institutional		-		46,311	46,311	-	46,311	
Total revenues		9,525,000		11,365,741	11,365,741	-	11,365,741	
Expenditures:								
Instruction		6,695,000		8,050,156	7,928,461	121,695	8,050,156	-
Instructional resources		4,800		70,359	70,359	-	70,359	-
Student services		2,695,000		2,702,902	2,702,902	-	2,702,902	-
General institutional		136,000		297,311	297,311	-	297,311	-
Physical plant		155,000		31,671	31,671	-	31,671	
Total expenditures		9,685,800		11,152,399	11,030,704	121,695	11,152,399	
Revenues over expenditures		(160,800)		213,342	335,037	(121,695)	213,342	-
Fund balance - Beginning of year		1,188,872		1,120,106	1,137,599	(17,493)	1,120,106	-
Fund balance - End of year	\$	1,028,072 \$	5	1,333,448 \$	1,472,636	\$ (139,188) \$	1,333,448	\$ -

Special Revenue Non-Aidable Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

Year	Ended	June	30,	2024
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	Orig	ginal Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	ljustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	ı	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues:								
Local government - Property								
taxes	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$	_
Intergovernmental:								
Federal		7,600,000	7,280,077	7,213,883	-	7,213,883		(66,194)
Institutional		220,000	170,631	236,825	-	236,825		66,194
Total revenues		7,870,000	7,500,708	7,500,708	-	7,500,708		_
Expenditures:								
Instruction		70,000	81,390	81,390	_	81,390		_
Student services		7,800,000	7,480,001	7,475,251	_	7,475,251		4,750
General Institutional		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4,750	-	4,750		(4,750)
Total expenditures		7,870,000	7,561,391	7,561,391	-	7,561,391		
Revenues under expenditures		-	(60,683)	(60,683)	-	(60,683)		-
Other financing sources:								
Operating transfer in		-	109,748	109,748	-	109,748		
Revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures		-	49,065	49,065	-	49,065		-
Fund balance - Beginning of year		87,813	4,944	4,944		4,944		
Fund balance - End of year	\$	87,813	\$ 54,009	\$ 54,009	\$ -	\$ 54,009	\$	-

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Adjustment to	Actual on a	Variance
	Amended		Budgetary	Budgetary	Favorable
Original Budget	Budget	Actual	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable

	Original Budget	Amended	Actual	Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original Budget	Budget	Actual	Dasis	Dasis	(Uniavorable)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental:						
State	\$ 155,155 \$	251,307 \$	251,307 \$	-	\$ 251,307	\$ -
Federal	100,000	423,908	423,908	-	423,908	-
Material fees	-	-	180	-	180	180
Institutional	250,000	2,340,846	2,340,846	-	2,340,846	-
Total revenues	505,155	3,016,061	3,016,241	-	3,016,241	180
Expenditures:						
Instruction	4,000,000	4,578,607	2,879,769	1,698,838	4,578,607	-
Instructional resources	500,000	462,750	685,220	(222,470)	462,750	
General institutional	2,800,000	1,475,249	1,627,367	(152,118)	1,475,249	
Physical plant	9,100,000	11,320,481	14,122,696	(2,802,215)	11,320,481	
Total expenditures	16,400,000	17,837,087	19,315,052	(1,477,965)	17,837,087	-
Revenues under expenditures	(15,894,845)	(14,821,026)	(16,298,811)	1,477,965	(14,820,846)	180
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfer out	_	(110,140)	(110,140)	_	(110,140)	
Proceeds from promissory notes	13,200,000	16,200,000	16,200,000	-	16,200,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,200,000	16,089,860	16,089,860	-	16,089,860	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other						
financing uses	(2,694,845)	1,268,834	(208,951)	1,477,965	1,269,014	180
Fund balance - Beginning of year	4,646,755	3,412,325	9,290,523	(5,878,198)	3,412,325	
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 1,951,910 \$	4,681,159 \$	9,081,572 \$	(4,400,233)	\$ 4,681,339	\$ 180

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Amended		Adjustment to Budgetary	Budgetary	Variance Favorable
	Ori	ginal Budget	Budget	Actual	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:							
Local government - Property taxes	\$	10,350,000 \$	10,350,000 \$	10,350,000	\$ -	\$ 10,350,000	\$ -
Institutional		450,000	925,273	925,273	-	925,273	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues		10,800,000	11,275,273	11,275,273	-	11,275,273	<u>-</u>
Expenditures:							
Physical plant		11,750,000	11,469,278	11,469,278	_	11,469,278	_
Total expenditures		11,750,000	11,469,278	11,469,278	<u>-</u>	11,469,278	
Revenues under expenditures		(950,000)	(194,005)	(194,005)	-	(194,005)	-
Other financing sources Operating Transfer In		-	110,140	110,140	-	110,140	-
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures		(950,000)	(83,865)	(83,865)	-	(83,865)	-
Net position - Beginning of year		2,222,258	2,175,348	2,175,348	-	2,175,348	-
Net position - End of year	\$	1,272,258 \$	2,091,483 \$	2,091,483	\$ -	\$ 2,091,483	\$ -

1,362,300

1,222,300 \$

Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2024

Adjustment to Variance Actual on a **Amended Budgetary Budgetary Favorable** (Unfavorable) **Original Budget Budget Actual Basis Basis** Operating revenues: Intergovernmental: \$ 194,680 \$ 160,000 \$ 194,680 \$ 194,680 \$ - \$ State Institutional 2,700,000 3,653,537 3,653,537 3,653,537 2,860,000 3,848,217 3,848,217 3,848,217 Total operating revenues Operating expenses: Auxiliary services 3,000,000 3,594,530 3,592,960 3,592,960 1,570 3,000,000 3,594,530 3,592,960 3,592,960 Total operating expenses 1,570 Income (loss) before transfers (140,000)253,687 255,257 255,257 1,570 Transfers: Operating transfer out (109,748)(109,748)(109,748)Change in net position (140,000)143,939 145,509 145,509 1,570

1,340,531

1,484,470 \$

1,340,531

1,486,040 \$

1,340,531

1,486,040 \$

1,570

See Independent Auditor's Report.

Net position - Beginning of year

Net position - End of year

Internal Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Orig	ginal Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	1	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Operating revenues: Auxiliary services	\$	720,000 \$	818,301 \$	818,301	\$ -	\$	818,301	\$ -
Total operating revenues		720,000	818,301	818,301	-		818,301	
Operating expenses: Auxiliary services		665,000	727,369	727,369	-		727,369	
Total operating expenses		665,000	727,369	727,369	-		727,369	
Change in net position (deficit)		55,000	90,932	90,932	-		90,932	-
Net position (deficit) - Beginning of year		18,586	(89,871)	(89,871)	_		(89,871)	
Net position - End of year	\$	73,586 \$	1,061 \$	1,061	\$ -	\$	1,061	\$ -

Schedule to Reconcile Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Financial Statements to Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Aidable Fund	Special Revenue Non-Aidable Funds	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Totals	Reconciling Items	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Revenues:										
Local government - Property taxes	\$ 14,460,003 \$	1,000,000	\$ 50,000 \$	-	\$ 10,350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,860,003	\$ -	\$ 25,860,003
Intergovernmental:	20 577 262	2 764 702		254 207		404.600		22 700 422		22 700 422
State (1)	29,577,362	2,764,783	7 242 002	251,307	-	194,680	-	32,788,132	-	32,788,132
Federal (3)	23,435	6,676,241	7,213,883	423,908	-	-	-	14,337,467	-	14,337,468
Tuition and Fees:	14 042 145							14 042 145	(2.245.122)	11 507 013
Statutory program fees Material fees	14,942,145 816,058	-	-	180	-	-	-	14,942,145 816,238	(3,345,133) (182,586)	
Other student fees	1,233,205	878,406	_	160	-	_	-	2,111,611	(276,163)	
Institutional (2)	3,845,576	46,311	236,825	2,340,846	925,273	_	-	7,394,831	(508,437)	
Auxiliary services revenue	3,043,370	40,511	230,623	2,340,640	923,273	3,653,537	818,301	4,471,838	(818,299)	
Adminity Services revenue		-				3,033,337	010,301	+,+71,030	(010,233)	3,033,333
Total revenues	64,897,784	11,365,741	7,500,708	3,016,241	11,275,273	3,848,217	818,301	102,722,265	(5,130,618)	97,591,648
Expenditures/expenses::										
Instruction	40,711,227	8,050,156	81,390	4,578,607	-	-	-	53,421,380	(4,872,008)	48,549,372
Instructional resources	713,440	70,359	-	462,750	-	-	-	1,246,549	(467,638)	
Student services	5,086,323	2,702,902	7,475,251	-	-	-	-	15,264,476	(7,407,010)	
General institutional	15,155,041	297,311	4,750	1,475,249	-	-	-	16,932,351	(1,608,699)	15,323,652
Physical plant	5,997,169	31,671	-	11,320,481	11,469,278	-	-	28,818,599	(22,630,704)	6,187,895
Auxiliary enterprise services	· · · · -	-	_	-	-	3,592,960	727,369	4,320,329	(791,290)	
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,059,442	11,059,442
Student aid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,519,942	3,519,942
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,479,951	2,479,951
Total expenditures/expenses	67,663,200	11,152,399	7,561,391	17,837,087	11,469,278	3,592,960	727,369	120,003,684	(20,718,014)	99,285,670
Revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses	(2,765,416)	213,342	(60,683)	(14,820,846)	(194,005)	255,257	90,932	(17,281,419)	15,587,396	(1,694,022)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2), 63) . 20)	220,0 .2	(00)000)	(1.)020)0.0)	(13 1,000)	200,207	30,332	(17)202) 123)	23,307,030	(1)03 1)011)
Other financing sources:									4	
Operating transfer in	-	-	109,748	-	110,140	-	-	219,888	(219,888)	-
Operating transfers (out)	-	-	-	(110,140)		(109,748)	-	(219,888)	219,888	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	16,200,000	-	-	-	16,200,000	(16,200,000)	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing										
sources (uses) over expenditures (expenses)	(2,765,416)	213,342	49,065	1,269,014	(83,865)	145,509	90,932	(1,081,419)	(612,604)	(1,694,022)
Fund balance/net position (deficit) - Beginning of										
year Deginning of	16,800,599	1,120,106	4,944	3,412,325	2,175,348	1,340,531	(89,871)	24,763,982	27,597,109	52,361,091
Fund balance/net position (deficit) - End of year	\$ 14,035,183 \$	1,333,448	\$ 54,009 \$	4,681,339	\$ 2.091.483	\$ 1,486,040	\$ 1.061	\$ 23.682.563	\$ 26.984.505	\$ 50,667,069

Schedule to Reconcile Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Financial Statements to Basic Financial Statement (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2024

(1) Intergovernmental	I revenue - State is	eported as two se	parate line items or	n the basic financial	statements

State grants	\$ 3,210,770
State operating appropriations	29,577,362_
	\$ 32,788,132

(2) Institutional revenue is reported as four separate line items on the basic financial statements:

Business and industry contract revenue Other operating revenues	\$ 2,104,989 1,267,463
Other non-operating revenues	2,023,633
Investment income earned	1,490,309
	\$ 6,886,394

(3) Intergovernmental revenue - Federal is reported as two separate line items on the basic financial statements:

Federal grants COVID-19 federal funding	\$ 14,0 2)93,629 243,839
	\$ 14,3	337,468